### CITY OF TRAVERSE CITY DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

(A Component Unit of the City of Traverse City, Michigan)

Traverse City, Michigan

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

## CITY OF TRAVERSE CITY DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

(A Component Unit of the City of Traverse City, Michigan)

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors
Downtown Development Authority
City of Traverse City
Traverse City, Michigan

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Traverse City Downtown Development Authority (the Authority) (a component unit of the City of Traverse City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Traverse City Downtown Development Authority, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

ABRAHAM & GAFFNEY, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

abaham : Saffny, P.C.

December 30, 2015

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

As management of the *Downtown Development Authority* (the "Authority"), we offer readers of the Authority's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Authority for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets and deferred outflows of the Authority exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$6,719,772 (net position).
- The government's total net position decreased by \$335,371.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Authority's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,556,542, an increase of \$312,521 in comparison with the prior year.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Authority's basic financial statements. The Authority's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Authority's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Authority's assets, deferred inflows, liabilities, and deferred outflows with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Authority is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Authority that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The Authority's governmental activity is economic development. The Authority has no business-type activities.

The government-wide financial statements include only the Authority itself. The Authority has no legally separate component units for which the Authority is financially accountable.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 7-8 of this report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Authority, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The Authority only has governmental funds. The Authority does not maintain enterprise or fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Authority maintains three individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for all three funds; the General Fund, TIF 2 and TIF 97 Special Revenue Funds, each of which are considered to be major funds.

The governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 9-12 of this report.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 13-19 of this report.

#### Other Information

The Authority adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general and special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided as required supplementary information to demonstrate compliance with those budgets.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Authority, assets exceeded liabilities by \$6,719,772 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

#### **Downtown Development Authority's Net Position**

	June 30				
	2015	2014			
Governmental activities					
Current assets	\$ 6,866,329	\$ 7,185,856			
Long-Term Liabilities	40,695	31,626			
Other Liabilities	105,862	97,087			
Total Liabilities	146,557	128,713			
Net position					
Restricted	6,483,822	6,867,867			
Unrestricted	235,950	189,276			
<b>Total net position</b>	<u>\$ 6,719,772</u>	<u>\$ 7,057,143</u>			

The Authority's net position reflects its restricted net position for future expenditures within the guidelines of the tax increment finance district plans and unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Authority is able to report positive balances in both categories of net position.

**Governmental activities.** The Authority's net position decreased by \$337,371, key highlights are as follows:

Decrease in net position from prior year of approximately \$337,000 which exceeded the 2014 decrease by approximately \$65,000. While charges for services and property taxes increase by approximately \$89,000 and \$330,000 respectively, total economic development expenses increase by approximately \$434,000.

#### **Downtown Development Authority's Changes in Net Position**

	June 30				
		2015		2014	
Governmental activities				_	
Program revenues					
Charges for services	\$	537,547	\$	448,081	
General revenues					
Property taxes		2,624,355		2,294,112	
Unrestricted investment earnings		355		225	
Total revenue		3,162,257		2,742,418	
Expenses					
Economic development		3,449,628		3,015,144	
Change in net position		(337,371)		(272,726)	
Net position – beginning of year		7,057,143		7,329,869	
Net position – end of year	<u>\$</u>	6,719,772	\$	7,057,143	

#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Authority uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the Authority's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Authority's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Authority's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,556,542, an increase of \$312,521, in comparison with the prior year. \$3,256,725 is restricted and available only for spending for the benefit of the applicable district.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Authority. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$293,909. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 40 percent of total General Fund expenditures.

During the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the Authority's General Fund increased by \$45,566 although anticipated to decrease \$20,000. The change in fund balance was attributed to actual expenditures being under the amended budget by approximately \$15,000, and actual revenues received being more than the budget by approximately \$50,000.

The TIF 2 Special Revenue Fund has a fund balance of \$1,175,402, which decreased by \$221,492 although anticipated to decrease \$501,950. The smaller decrease in fund balance was attributed to actual expenditures being under budget by approximately \$210,000 due to delayed planned projects, actual property taxes received being more than the budget by \$60,000, and actual reimbursements received being more than the budget by \$11,000.

The TIF 97 Special Revenue Fund has a fund balance of \$2,081,323, which increased \$488,447 although anticipated to decrease \$1,044,100. This increase in fund balance versus the expected decrease was attributed to actual expenditures being under amended budget by approximately \$1,300,000 due to delayed planned projects, and actual property taxes received being more than the budgeted by just over \$240,000.

#### **Budgetary Highlights**

Budgeted professional services in the Authority's DDA (General fund) operational budget were increased by \$20,000. There were no amendments to the TIF 2 Special Revenue and TIF 97 Special Revenue Funds.

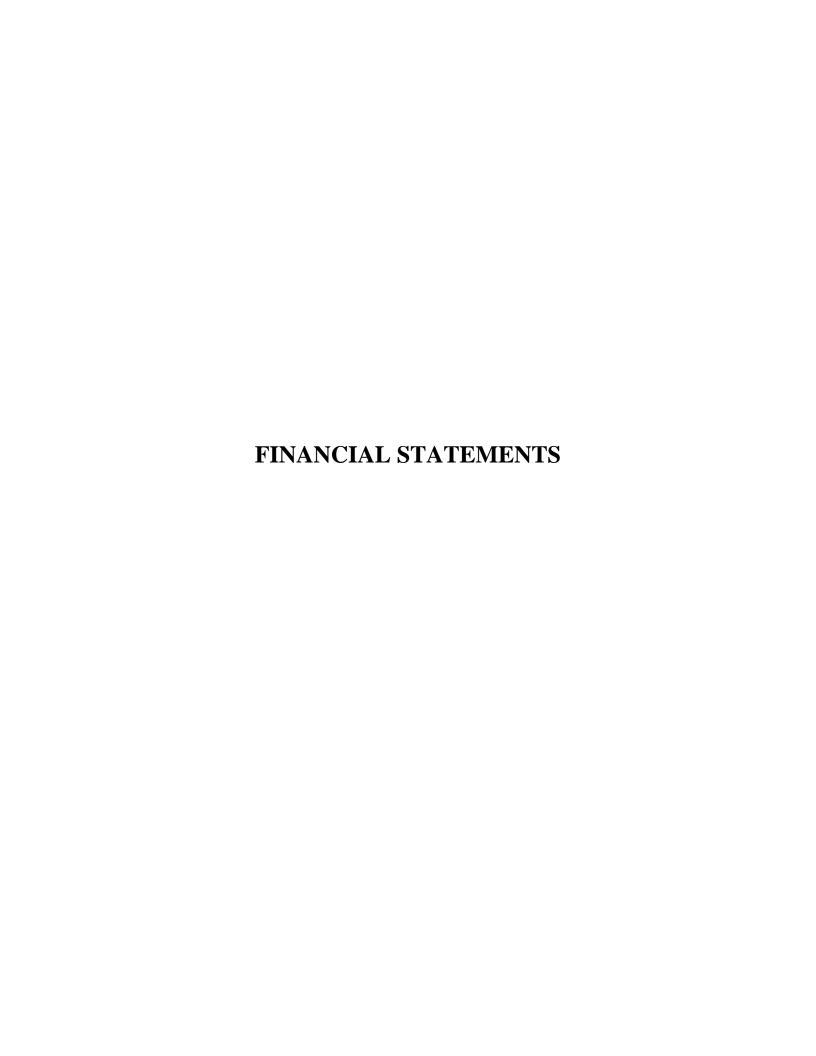
#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The following factors were considered in preparing the Authority's budget for the 2015-16 fiscal year:

- Through a contract with the City of Traverse City, the Authority manages the Traverse City Parking Services. In July of 2014, the Authority and the City of Traverse City agreed to an adjustment in the administrative fee from \$330,000 to \$410,000 primarily to support staff in the parking system office.
- Various capital improvements are planned in the TIF 2 and TIF 97 Funds for the 2015-16 fiscal year including East Front Street Midblock Crosswalk, Garland Street improvements, West Front Street parking Garage, West Front Street Bridge, and a Public Art Contribution.
- A final payment to the Downtown WiFi project will be made from TIF 2 in 2015/2016, TIF 97 will continue paying through fiscal year end 2024.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Authority's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Authority's Executive Director, 303 State Street, Traverse City, Michigan.



(A Component Unit of the City of Traverse City, Michigan)

### Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,567,222
Due from other governments	3,293,199
Prepaid expenses	5,908
Total assets	6,866,329
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	19,969
Accrued liabilities	62,721
Accrued compensated absences	
Due in one year	23,172
Due in more than one year	40,695
Total liabilities	146,557
Net position	
Restricted for tax increment finance districts	6,483,822
Unrestricted	235,950
Total net position	\$ 6,719,772

(A Component Unit of the City of Traverse City, Michigan)

#### Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

<b>Functions/Programs</b>		Program Revenues Charges Expenses for Services			Net (Expense) Revenue		
Governmental activities	\$	3,499,628	\$	537,547	\$	(2,962,081)	
	General r	evenues stricted property tax	7.A.S			68,578	
		cted property taxes		erement		00,370	
	fina	nce districts				2,555,777	
	Unres	stricted investment	earnings			355	
	Total	general revenues				2,624,710	
	Change i	n net position				(337,371)	
	Net positi	on, beginning of y	ear			7,057,143	
	Net posit	ion, end of year			\$	6,719,772	

(A Component Unit of the City of Traverse City, Michigan)

#### Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2015

		Special Rev	Total	
		TIF 2	TIF 97	Governmental
	<b>General Fund</b>	Fund	Fund	Funds
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 315,636	\$ 1,167,048	\$ 2,084,538	\$ 3,567,222
Due from other governments	45,323	1,917,720	1,330,156	3,293,199
Prepaid expenditures	5,908	-	-	5,908
Due from other funds	1,170	4,472		5,642
Total assets	\$ 368,037	\$ 3,089,240	\$ 3,414,694	\$ 6,871,971
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 5,499	\$ 1,156	\$ 13,314	\$ 19,969
Accrued liabilities	62,721	-	-	62,721
Due to other funds		585	5,057	5,642
Total liabilities	68,220	1,741	18,371	88,332
Deferred inflows of resources				
Unavailable revenue	<u> </u>	1,912,097	1,315,000	3,227,097
Fund balances				
Nonspendable - prepaid expenditures	5,908	-	-	5,908
Restricted - tax increment finance districts	-	1,175,402	2,081,323	3,256,725
Unassigned	293,909			293,909
Total fund balance	299,817	1,175,402	2,081,323	3,556,542
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of				
resources and fund balances	\$ 368,037	\$ 3,089,240	\$ 3,414,694	\$ 6,871,971

Continued......

(A Component Unit of the City of the Traverse City, Michigan)

#### Reconciliation of Fund Balances on the Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds to Net Position of Governmental Activities on the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

Fund balances - Governmental funds	\$ 3,556,542
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of net position are different because:	
Other noncurrent assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.  Add: unavailable revenue	3,227,097
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Deduct: accrued compensated absences	 (63,867)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 6,719,772
	Concluded

(A Component Unit of the City of Traverse City, Michigan)

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Special Rev	Total		
		TIF 2	TIF 97	Governmental	
	General Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 68,578	\$ 1,045,009	\$ 1,510,768	\$ 2,624,355	
Reimbursements	659,937	536,000	115,000	1,310,937	
Rental income	45,770	-	-	45,770	
Interest income	355	2,623	4,195	7,173	
<b>Total revenues</b>	774,640	1,583,632	1,629,963	3,988,235	
Expenditures					
<b>Economic Development</b>					
Salaries	490,612	-	-	490,612	
Fringe benefits	120,901	-	-	120,901	
Office supplies and utilities	33,649	26	128	33,803	
Professional services	65,806	355,212	361,680	782,698	
Travel and conferences	7,286	-	-	7,286	
Repairs and maintenance	1,950	-	-	1,950	
Rentals	8,870	-	-	8,870	
Contributions to other governments	-	1,397,582	764,111	2,161,693	
Capital outlay		52,304	15,597	67,901	
Total expenditures	729,074	1,805,124	1,141,516	3,675,714	
Net change in fund balances	45,566	(221,492)	488,447	312,521	
Fund balances, beginning of year	254,251	1,396,894	1,592,876	3,244,021	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 299,817	\$ 1,175,402	\$ 2,081,323	\$ 3,556,542	

Continued....

#### (A Component Unit of the City of Traverse City, Michigan)

#### Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Net change in fund balances - Governmental funds	\$ 312,521
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Noncurrent assets recorded on the fund statements are not available to fund current year operations and are unavailable in the funds.	
Deduct: payments received on long term assets due from other governments	(651,000)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds.	
Add: Decrease in accrued compensated absences	 1,108
Change in net position	\$ (337,371)
	Concluded

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

**Reporting Entity** - The Downtown Development Authority (the "Authority"), a discrete component unit of the City of Traverse City (the "City"), was created in September 1978 by the City Commission pursuant to Act No. 197 of the Public Acts of 1975 of the State of Michigan. It operates through a Board of Trustees (the "Board") consisting of the Mayor of the City of Traverse City and eleven members approved by the City Commission. The purpose of the Authority is to correct and prevent deterioration of the Downtown Development District, encourage historic preservation, create and implement development plans, and promote economic growth.

The Authority is a component unit of the City because the City appoints the Authority's Board of Directors, it has the ability to significantly influence the Authority's operations and it is financially accountable for the Authority as defined under GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statements No. 39 and No. 61. Accordingly, the Authority is presented as a discretely presented component unit in the City's financial statements.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements – The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Authority. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services. The Authority has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation – The government-wide financial information is reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the years for which they are levied.

#### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Governmental fund financial information is reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectable within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Authority considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service and compensated absences expenditures are recorded only when payment is due. Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The Authority reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the Authority's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Authority, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The TIF 2 and TIF 97 Special Revenue Funds account for financial resources that are legally restricted for activities within specific districts of the Downtown Development Authority.

Capital Assets – The Authority has no capital assets for which it holds legal ownership. Infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, curbs, sidewalks, storm sewers and similar items), along with water and wastewater subsystems, constructed by the Authority are not recorded as the Authority's capital assets, even though the Authority may be obligated to repay the debt issued to finance the related projects. Such capital assets become the property of the City when they are placed into service and, accordingly, are then reported as the City's capital assets.

**Deferred outflows/inflows of resources** – In addition to assets, the statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet, when applicable, will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Currently, the Authority does not report deferred outflows of resources.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position when applicable will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement

#### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

element represents an acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. Currently, the Authority has one item of this type, undistributed tax collections, that qualifies as a deferred inflow of resources.

Accrued compensated absences - Employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts based on length of service. Annually unused vacation is reduced to a maximum of five weeks. Sick leave accumulates and is paid to employees at the time of retirement at one-half of total days accumulated up to a maximum of 120 days (60 paid days). The estimated amount due to employees as of June 30, 2015 is accrued in the government-wide financial statements.

Fund Balance – In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report nonspendable fund balance for amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balance is reported when externally imposed constraints are placed on the use of the resource by grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Committed fund balance is reported for amounts that can be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Authority's highest level of decision making authority, the Authority's Board of Directors. A formal resolution by the Authority's Board of Directors is required to establish, modify or rescind a fund balance commitment. Assigned fund balance is reported for amounts intended for specific purposes expressed and assigned by the governing body. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund.

#### 2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Michigan Compiled Laws, Section 129.91 authorizes the local governmental unit to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations which have an office in Michigan. The Authority is allowed to invest in bonds, securities, and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; United States government or federal agency obligations; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptance of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications which mature not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

The Authority's deposit and investment policy is in accordance with statutory authority.

The Authority's cash and cash equivalents are cash on hand and demand deposits with a bank. The Authority's cash and cash equivalents are comprised of bank deposits with a balance of \$3,567,109 and petty cash of \$113 at June 30, 2015.

#### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

#### **Custodial credit risk - deposits**

Custodial risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned. The State does not require and the Authority has not adopted a policy regarding custodial credit risk. The above deposits were reflected in the accounts of the bank (without recognition of checks written but not yet cleared, or of deposits in transit) at \$3,922,592. The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insured \$250,000 and the remainder of \$3,672,592 is uninsured and not fully collateralized.

#### 3. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities in the governmental activities consist of 12 percent accrued payroll liabilities, 24 percent vendor payables and 64 percent deposits payable.

#### 4. RECEIVABLES / UNAVAILABLE REVENUE

Governmental funds reported unavailable revenue in connection with receivables that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. This unavailable revenue consists of taxes that will be captured in the future by the Brownfield tax districts to reimburse for costs incurred in this and past fiscal years for economic development. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unavailable revenue amounted to \$3,227,097.

#### 5. INTERFUND PAYABLES AND RECEIVABLES

Administrative expenses payable from the TIF 2 and TIF 97 special revenue funds to the General Fund at June 30, 2015 amounted to \$585 and \$585, respectively. In addition \$4,472 is due from the TIF 97 to the TIF 2 fund to reallocate property tax revenue collections.

#### 6. ACCRUED COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Changes in accrued compensated absences consist of the following:

	Balance <u>07/01/14</u>	Additions	Reductions	Balance <u>06/30/15</u>	Due Within One Year	
Accrued compensated absences	<u>\$64,975</u>	\$ 18,420	\$ 19,528	<u>\$63,867</u>	\$ 23,172	

Compensated absences are liquidated by the General Fund.

## CITY OF TRAVERSE CITY DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

(A Component Unit of the City of Traverse City, Michigan)

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

#### 7. COMMITMENTS

The 2007 City of Traverse City Downtown Development Tax Exempt Refunding Bonds, the 2002B City of Traverse City Downtown Development Taxable Bonds, and the 2009 City of Traverse City Downtown Development Tax Exempt Old Town Parking Deck Bonds are reported on the City of Traverse City financial statements. The Authority has pledged tax increment revenues for the payment of these bonds. The Authority provides these tax increment revenues to the City less the developer required contribution for the bond payment on the 2007 debt. The City has pledged its limited tax full faith and credit for the payment of the principal and interest on the bonds. The following are the obligations, including interest, expected to be paid from the collection of tax increment revenues in the Tax Increment Financing and Development Plan No. 97 and No. 2:

Fiscal Year	
End	<b>Amount</b>
2016	\$ 2,284,900
2016	. , ,
2017	848,606
2018	875,531
2019	903,931
2020	935,331
2021-2025	5,045,455
2026-2028	2,710,837
Total	<u>\$13,604,591</u>

#### 8. CONTINGENCIES

The Authority participates in federally assisted grant programs, which are subject to financial and compliance audits. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements, and are subject to audit by grantor agencies. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time although the Authority expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial. For the current fiscal year, the Authority did not participate in federally assisted grant programs.

#### 9. PROPERTY TAXES

The Authority's property taxes are levied each July 1 on the taxable valuation of applicable property located in the Districts of the Authority as of the preceding December 31, the lien date. Property taxes are payable without penalty and interest through July 31 and unpaid taxes become delinquent if not paid by March 1 of the succeeding year. Assessed values as established annually by the City, and subject to acceptance by the County, are equalized by

#### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

the State at an estimated 50 percent of the assessed value. The taxable value for real and personal property for the Authority for the 2014 levy is \$128,462,015. The Authority's general operating tax rate for fiscal year 2014-15 was 1.8038 mills.

Property tax revenue for the TIF's, which is included in the Downtown Development Authority, is derived pursuant to two tax increment financing development plans, TIF 2 and TIF 97. Real and personal property taxes are levied and attach as an enforceable lien on properties located within the boundaries of the tax increment financing districts. The City bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the Authority. Delinquent taxes on ad valorem real property at March 1 are purchased and collected by Grand Traverse County. Collection of delinquent personal property tax remains the responsibility of the City of Traverse City. Property tax revenue is recognized when levied in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements to the extent that it results in current receivables.

Except for property taxes captured from local schools that exceed contractual obligations, the Authority is entitled to all taxes levied on property within the tax increment financing authority districts to the extent that the current taxable value exceeds the base year taxable value. The base year of initial properties was 1985 for TIF 2 (\$3,089,321) and 1997 for TIF 97 (\$32,860,088). The base year on other properties is determined by the date of entry into the district. The fiscal year 2014-15 captured taxable values for TIF 2 is \$37,878,841 and TIF 97 is \$52,296,988.

#### 10. ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES REVENUE

The Authority entered into two contracts, one from September 1, 2013 to August 31, 2014 and another from September 1, 2014 to August 31, 2015 with the Downtown Traverse City Association (a non-for-profit organization). The Authority provides office space and administrative services to the association for an annual fee of \$59,364 and \$60,551, respectively, payable in equal monthly installments of \$4,947 and \$5,046. Income under these contracts for the year ended June 30, 2015 was \$60,353.

The Authority entered into a contract on June 19, 2003 with the City of Traverse City in which the Authority will operate and manage the Traverse City Parking Services for an annual fee. In July 2014, the agreement was adjusted to \$410,000 payable in equal monthly installments of \$34,167.

The Authority's General Fund is reimbursed an administrative fee for indirect cost from each of the TIF Funds as approved in the budget. The fee assessed is twelve percent of General Fund expenditures. The revenue recorded in the General Fund and expenditures in the TIF Funds are eliminated in the government-wide financial statements. Income from the administrative fee for the year ended June 30, 2015 was \$174,948.

#### Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

#### 11. RISK OF LOSS

The Authority is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Authority is covered for these risks via the Michigan Municipal Liability and Property Pool, Michigan Municipal Workers Compensation Insurance Fund and commercial health insurance. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

#### 12. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The Authority sponsors the Traverse City Downtown Development Authority Deferred Compensation Plan created in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The administrator of the plan is ICMA Retirement Corporation. The plan is available to all employees. Participants may contribute any amount and the employer will match up to 7% percent based on the employee's employment contract. Plan provision and contribution requirements can only be amended by authorization of the Board of Directors. In fiscal year 2015 the Authority contributed \$18,721 and the employees contributed \$21,102 to this plan.

#### 13. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Authority along with a developer have committed to pay the principal and interest on the Hardy Parking Deck bonds. A partner of the developer who made the commitment along with the Authority is a board member of the Authority.

#### 14. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On October 14, 2015, the Brownfield Redevelopment Authority sent a commitment letter to make the annual reimbursement to the Authority's TIF funds for \$540,000 under the River's Edge Brownfield Plan (TIF 2) and \$114,000 for the Michigan Economic Growth Authority eligible expenses associated with the Larry C. Hardy parking deck under the Radio Center Brownfield Plan (TIF97).

On September 30, 2015, the Authority's Board of Directors authorized the Executive Director to enter into a contract with the Downtown Traverse City Association through August 31, 2015, with an annual compensation of \$60,551. The Authority provides office space and administrative services to the Downtown Traverse City Association.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

(A Component Unit of the City of Traverse City, Michigan)

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	riginal udget	 mended Budget	 Actual	Amen P	ance with ded Budget Positive egative)
Revenues	 _	_			
Property taxes	\$ 64,900	\$ 64,900	\$ 68,578	\$	3,678
Reimbursements	613,100	613,100	659,937		46,837
Rental income	46,000	46,000	45,770		(230)
Interest income	 200	 200	 355		155
Total revenues	 724,200	 724,200	 774,640		50,440
Expenditures					
Economic development					
Salaries	506,900	506,900	490,612		16,288
Fringe benefits	117,800	117,800	120,901		(3,101)
Office supplies and utilities	33,700	33,700	33,649		51
Professional services	46,600	66,600	65,806		794
Travel and conferences	9,100	9,100	7,286		1,814
Repairs and maintenance	2,100	2,100	1,950		150
Rentals	 8,000	 8,000	 8,870		(870)
Total expenditures	 724,200	 744,200	 729,074		15,126
Net change in fund balance	-	(20,000)	45,566		65,566
Fund balance, beginning of year	 254,251	 254,251	 254,251		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 254,251	\$ 234,251	\$ 299,817	\$	65,566

(A Component Unit of the City of Traverse City, Michigan)

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual Special Revenue Fund - TIF 2 For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original Budget		Amended Budget		Actual		Variance with Amended Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$	985,000	\$	985,000	\$	1,045,009	\$	60,009
Reimbursements		525,000		525,000		536,000		11,000
Interest income		3,000		3,000		2,623		(377)
Total revenues		1,513,000		1,513,000		1,583,632		70,632
Expenditures								
Economic development								
Office supplies and utilities		700		700		26		674
Professional services		418,250		418,250		355,212		63,038
Capital outlay		150,000		150,000		52,304		97,696
Contribution to other governments		1,446,000		1,446,000		1,397,582		48,418
Total expenditures		2,014,950		2,014,950		1,805,124		209,826
Net change in fund balance		(501,950)		(501,950)		(221,492)		280,458
Fund balance, beginning of year		1,396,894		1,396,894		1,396,894		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	894,944	\$	894,944	\$	1,175,402	\$	280,458

(A Component Unit of the City of Traverse City, Michigan)

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual Special Revenue Fund - TIF 97 For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original Budget		Amended Budget		Actual	Variance with Amended Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues				_			_	
Property taxes	\$	1,270,700	\$	1,270,700	\$ 1,510,768	\$	240,068	
Reimbursements		120,000		120,000	115,000		(5,000)	
Interest income		2,000		2,000	 4,195		2,195	
Total revenues		1,392,700		1,392,700	 1,629,963		237,263	
Expenditures								
Economic development								
Office supplies and utilities		1,000		1,000	128		872	
Professional services		252,000		252,000	361,680		(109,680)	
Capital outlay		1,420,000		1,420,000	15,597		1,404,403	
Contribution to other governments		763,800		763,800	 764,111		(311)	
Total expenditures		2,436,800		2,436,800	 1,141,516		1,295,284	
Net change in fund balance		(1,044,100)		(1,044,100)	488,447		1,532,547	
Fund balance, beginning of year		1,592,876		1,592,876	 1,592,876			
Fund balance, end of year	\$	548,776	\$	548,776	\$ 2,081,323	\$	1,532,547	

#### **Notes to Required Supplementary Information**

#### 1. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The General and special revenue funds are under formal budgetary control and their budgets are prepared on the same modified accrual basis used to reflect actual results. The Authority follows the City budget process in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- The Authority submits a proposed budget to the City Manager. After review and approval, the City Manager submits a recommended operating budget to the City Commission. Public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments. The budget is legally adopted through a City Commission resolution prior to the beginning of the budgetary year for the Authority's funds. The budget is then adopted by the Authority's Board.
- The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or amended by the City Commission during the year.
- The budget document presents information by fund, function, department and activity. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing board is function level, which is the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations.