

### **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

**Prepared by:**City Treasurer Department

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### List of Elected and Appointed Officials For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

### **Elected Officials**

MayorJim CarruthersMayor Pro TemRoss RichardsonCommission MemberBrian HaasCommission MemberGary L. HoweCommission MemberRichard I. LewisCommission MemberAmy ShamroeCommission MemberTim Werner

### **Appointed Officials**

Manager
Clerk
Benjamin C. Marentette
Attorney
Lauren Trible-Laucht

Treasurer/Finance Director William E. Twietmeyer



# Vredeveld Haefner LLC CPA's and Consultants 4001 Granada Ct

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

December 19, 2016

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Traverse City, Michigan

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Traverse City, Michigan, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Traverse City, Michigan, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Other Matters**

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 12 and the information on pages 81 through 93 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Traverse City, Michigan's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 19, 2016 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Uredoveld Haefner LLC

# **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

### City of Traverse City Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Traverse City, Michigan (the "City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City (primary government) exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$101,329,571 (*net position*). The City's total net position increased by \$5,405,526 during the year ended June 30, 2016.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$25,391,185, an increase of approximately \$226,000 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$4,373,233 or 28 percent of total General Fund expenditures and transfers out.

### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net assets* presents information on all of the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred intflows of resources with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash* flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of the costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, culture and recreation, and community development. The business-type activities of the City include wastewater, water, marina, and auto parking system operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the *primary government*), but also the legally separate component units of the City - the Downtown Development Authority and Traverse City Light and Power. Financial information for these *component units* are reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. Copies of the full audit reports of these component units are available upon request.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains twenty-four individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General, Major Streets, Local Streets, Capital Projects, and Brown Bridge Trust Funds, each of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general, special revenue, debt service and capital project funds. Budgetary comparison statements or schedules have been provided herein to demonstrate compliance with those budgets.

**Proprietary funds.** The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its wastewater, water, marina, and auto parking system operations. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses an internal service fund to account for its municipal garage. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within governmental activities in the financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the wastewater, water, marina, and auto parking system, each of which are considered to be major funds of the City.

*Fiduciary Funds.* Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to gain a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

### Other Information

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented following the notes to the financial statements.

### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Traverse City, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$101,329,571 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the City's net position, \$89,076,215 or 88 percent, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, vehicles, equipment and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The remaining balance of net position consists of restricted net position of \$17,031,427, which represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used and a deficit unrestricted net position of \$4,778,071.

The City's net position increased by \$5,405,526 during the year ended June 30, 2016.

The City's net position and changes in net position are summarized in the following tables.

### City of Traverse City's Net Position Table I

			F	YE 6/30/16				FYE 6/30/15					
		overnmental Activities	B	Business-type Activities		Total		Governmental Activities		usiness-type Activities	Total		
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$	30,833,811 49,036,979	\$	10,721,388 56,333,214	\$	41,555,199 105,370,193	\$	30,872,709 45,614,365	\$	10,217,754 55,859,085	\$	41,090,463 101,473,450	
Total assets		79,870,790		67,054,602		146,925,392		76,487,074		66,076,839		142,563,913	
Deferred outflows		5,280,079		976,982		6,257,061		2,121,375		208,682	_	2,330,057	
Long-term liabilities Net Pension Liability Other liabilities		9,464,973 27,644,612 2,037,701		7,077,107 3,858,128 464,706		16,542,080 31,502,740 2,502,407		11,256,395 23,482,418 1,808,131		8,081,906 2,807,222 464,796		19,338,301 26,289,640 2,272,927	
Total Liabilities		39,147,286	_	11,399,941		50,547,227		36,546,944		11,353,924	_	47,900,868	
Deferred inflows		864,694		440,961		1,305,655		631,310		437,747		1,069,057	
Net Position: Net Investment in capital assets Restricted assets Unrestricted (deficit)		40,718,525 17,031,427 (12,611,063)		48,357,690 - 7,832,992		89,076,215 17,031,427 (4,778,071)		35,426,141 16,653,623 (10,649,569)		46,961,042 - 7,532,808		82,387,183 16,653,623 (3,116,761)	
Total net position	\$	45,138,889	\$	56,190,682	\$	101,329,571	\$	41,430,195	\$	54,493,850	\$	95,924,045	

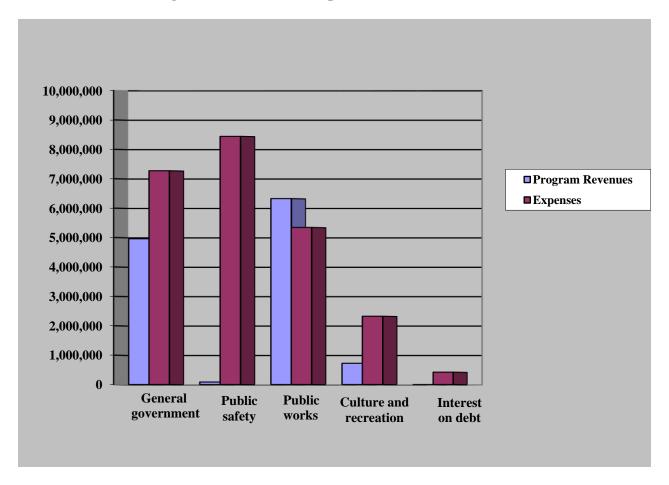
### City of Traverse City's Changes in Net Position Table II

		FYE 6/30/16		FYE 6/30/15					
	Governmental	Business-type		Governmental	Business-type				
	Activities	Activities	Total	Activities	Activities	Total			
Program revenue:									
Charges for services	\$ 4,488,512	\$ 15,630,781	\$ 20,119,293	\$ 3,773,021	\$ 12,928,275	\$ 16,701,296			
Operating grants/contributions	4,559,888	-	4,559,888	3,808,088	-	3,808,088			
Capital grant/contributions	2,556,229	7,000	2,563,229	2,222,766	102,203	2,324,969			
General Revenue:									
Property taxes	12,126,837	-	12,126,837	11,799,296	-	11,799,296			
Unrestricted grants/contributions	1,326,587	-	1,326,587	1,348,309	-	1,348,309			
Franchise revenue	247,291	-	247,291	248,213	-	248,213			
Other	1,274,425	13,302	1,287,727	404,032	5,168	409,200			
Total revenue	26,579,769	15,651,083	42,230,852	23,603,725	13,035,646	36,639,371			
Expenses:									
General government	7,270,773	_	7,270,773	6,550,505	_	6,550,505			
Public safety	8,441,271	_	8,441,271	7,866,767	_	7,866,767			
Public works	5,342,515	_	5,342,515	4,045,844	_	4,045,844			
Culture and recreation	2,323,769	_	2,323,769	1,617,372	_	1,617,372			
Interest and fiscal charges	421,852	_	421,852	495,694	_	495,694			
Wastewater	121,032	7,171,226	7,171,226	193,091	5,674,212	5,674,212			
Water	_	3,383,048	3,383,048	_	3,423,127	3,423,127			
Marina	_	548,165	548,165	_	572,108	572,108			
Autoparking	-	1,930,211	1,930,211		1,746,965	1,746,965			
Total expenses	23,800,180	13,032,650	36,832,830	20,576,182	11,416,412	31,992,594			
Increase (decrease) before									
transfers/contributions	2,779,589	2,618,433	5,398,022	3,027,543	1,619,234	4,646,777			
Operating transfers	921,601	(921,601)	-	761,122	(761,122)	-			
Contribution to endowment	7,504	-	7,504	2,505	_	2,505			
				-					
Increase in net position	3,708,694	1,696,832	5,405,526	3,791,170	858,112	4,649,282			
Net position beginning of year - restated	41,430,195	54,493,850	95,924,045	37,639,025	53,635,738	91,274,763			
Net position end of year	\$ 45,138,889	\$ 56,190,682	\$ 101,329,571	\$ 41,430,195	\$ 54,493,850	\$ 95,924,045			

**Governmental activities** increased the City's net position by \$3,708,694 accounting for 69 percent of the growth in the government's net position for the current year. Key highlights are as follows:

- Operating grants/contributions increased approximately \$752,000 compared to the previous year with a significant portions related to the SAW grant program activity.
- Other revenue increased approximately \$870,400 with a significant portion related to proceeds from the sale of the City coal dock.
- Property tax revenue increased approximately \$328,000 compared to the previous year.
- Personnel costs for governmental activities increased approximately \$343,000 compared to the previous year.

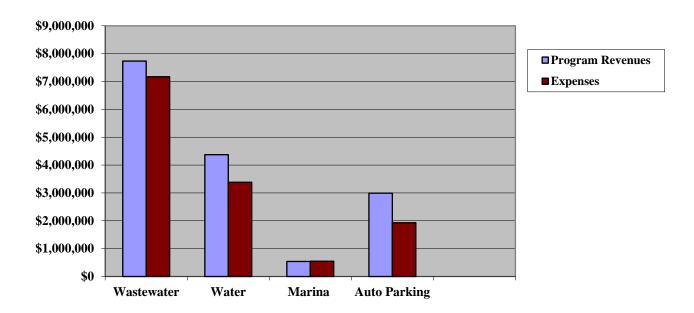
### **Program Revenues and Expenses - Governmental Activities**



**Business-type activities** increased the City's net position by \$1,696,832 accounting for 31 percent of the growth in the government's net position for the current year. Key highlights of activities in the funds are as follows:

- Charges for services in the Wastewater fund increased approximately \$1,637,000 due in most part to increases in plant useage fees to the growing adjacent townships.
- Charges for services in the Water fund increased approximately \$622,000 for the same reasons as the wastewater increase.
- Charges for services in the Auto Parking System Fund increased approximately \$520,000 because of continued increased customer activity.

### **Program Revenues and Expenses - Business-type Activities**



### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$25,391,185, an increase of approximately \$226,000 in comparison with the prior year. \$4,373,233 constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$4,373,233. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 28 percent of total General Fund expenditures including transfers out.

The Major Streets Fund has a total fund balance of \$244,482 which increased by \$51,558 during the year. Original and amended budget estimates anticipated a \$54,000 decrease.

The Local Streets Fund has a \$0 fund balance for the current year. All expenses not offset by state revenue sources are covered by the General Fund via a transfer of funds.

The Capital Projects fund balance decreased by \$655,151 during the current fiscal year. Final budget estimates anticipated a decrease of \$640,670 to fund balance.

The Brown Bridge Permanent Trust fund balance increased by \$279,177 during the current fiscal year. Interest and dividend earnings exceeded initial estimates by approximately \$256,000.

**Proprietary funds**. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Wastewater, Water, Marina, and Auto Parking System funds at the end of the year amounted to \$7,587,577 with net investment in capital assets of \$48,357,690. For the current year, the Wastewater Fund had an increase in net position of \$179,147, the Water Fund had an increase in net position for the year of \$770,962, the Marina Fund had a decrease in net position of \$35,797, and the Auto Parking System had an increase in net position of \$775,182.

### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

During the year, General Fund revenues exceeded budgetary estimates by \$694,517. In addition, actual expenditures were under budgeted amounts by \$358,036. Overall, the actual fund balance increased by \$624,594, compared to a budgeted decrease estimate of \$837,300.

### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

Capital assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2016, amounted to \$105,370,193 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and systems, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, and bridges.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Completion of the West End Beach trail project totaled approximately \$377,000.
- Completion of the West Boardman Lake Trail 2014 project totaled approximately \$920,000.
- Continuing work on the West Front Street reconstruction projects with costs to date of approximately 2,378,000.
- Continuing work on the Garland Street reconstruction project with costs to date of approximately \$1,107,000.
- Starting work on the Pine Street Pedestrian Bridge project with costs to date of approximately \$944,000.
- Nearing Completion of Bayfront Plan projects with costs to date of approximately \$3,178,000.

### City of Traverse City's Capital Assets (net of depreciation) Table III

		2016			2015	
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	<u>Total</u>	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Land	\$11,342,816	\$ 1,187,057	\$12,529,873	\$11,339,616	\$ 1,187,057	\$ 12,526,673
Land improvement	3,236,249	8,416,432	11,652,681	3,259,247	8,416,432	11,675,679
Buildings and systems	6,242,205	21,057,588	27,299,793	6,266,585	21,748,437	28,015,022
Construction in progress	7,737,567	1,851,426	9,588,993	5,645,045	210,236	5,855,281
Equipment	7,483,973	8,312,886	15,796,859	6,631,047	8,499,304	15,130,351
Infrastructure and other improvements	12,994,169	15,507,825	28,501,994	12,472,825	15,797,619	28,270,444
TOTAL	\$49,036,979	<u>\$56,333,214</u>	\$105,370,193	<u>\$45,614,365</u>	<u>\$55,859,085</u>	\$101,473,450

Additional information on capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

**Long-term debt.** At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonded debt and capital lease payables of \$15,793,674. Of this amount, \$8,818,150 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government. The remainder of the City's debt represents capital leases.

### City of Traverse City's Outstanding Debt General Obligation, Revenue Bonds, and Capital Leases Table IV

		2016		2015						
	Governmental Activities			Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total				
General obligation bon	ds -									
Parking decks	\$ 8,818,150	\$ -	\$8,818,150	\$10,688,004	\$ -	\$10,688,004				
Capital lease payable -										
Wastewater Treatmen	t									
Plant	<del>_</del>	6,975,524	6,975,524		7,988,377	7,988,377				
TOTAL	<u>\$ 8,818,150</u>	<u>\$ 6,675,524</u>	<u>\$15,793,674</u>	<u>\$10,688,004</u>	<u>\$ 7,988,377</u>	<u>\$18,676,381</u>				

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 10 percent of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the City is \$89,366,543 which is significantly in excess of the City's outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on long-term debt can be found in note "D" to the financial statements.

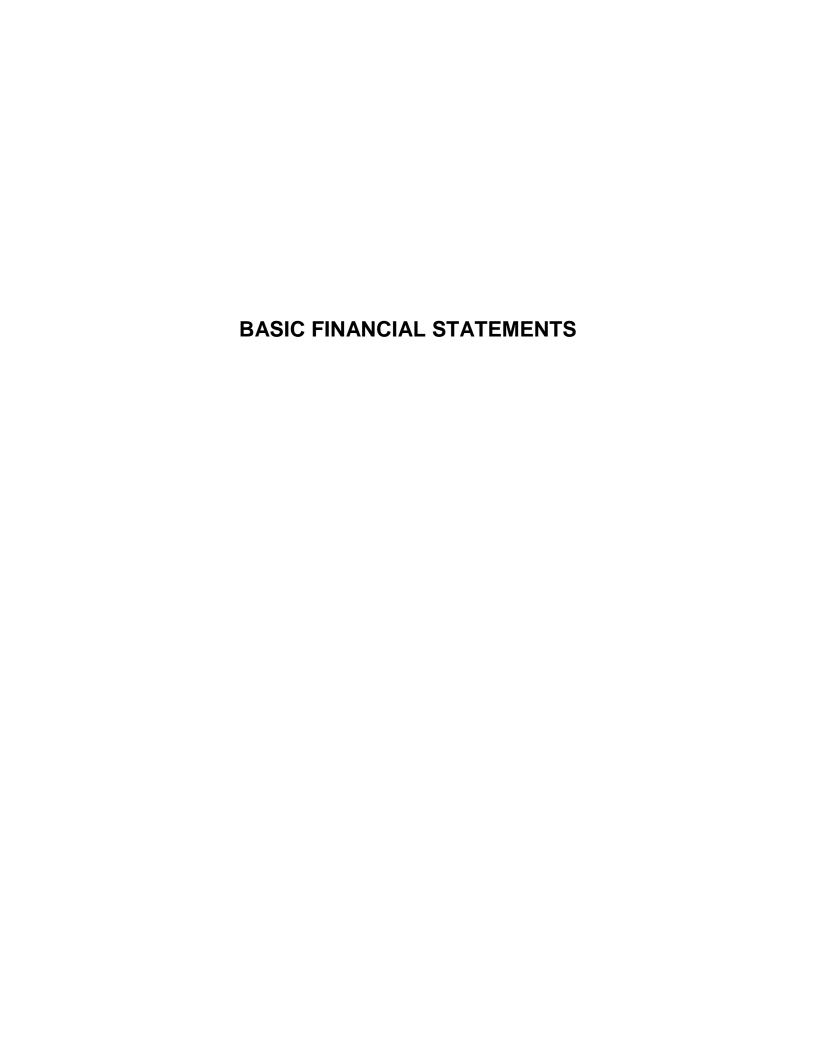
### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The following factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2016/17 fiscal year:

- The City Commission has determined to keep the General Fund tax levy at 11.1167 mills, the same levy as the four previous years. The Act 345 levy for Police/Fire pensions is 2.32 mills, the same levy as the previous three years.
- The City's capital improvement plan projects approximately \$10,000,000 of capital related expenses in fiscal year 16/17. The General Fund budget includes \$670,000 to continue the City Commission's priority on infrastructure spending for streets and sidewalks.
- Health insurance premiums will increase about 4.5% on July 1, 2016. Some of this increase may be attributed to the unknowns associated with the implementation of the Federal Affordable Care Act and some of this increase is associated with severe health issues for some of our employees. Most employees cost share on an 80/20 basis.
- Legacy costs are being addressed in a meaningful way. Since July 2009 all new hire general City employees are at the 1.5% multiplier; all new hire policy/fire employees are at the 2.0% multiplier. These are down from 2.25% and 2.8% respectively. Effective July 1, all current general employees will earn future pension credit at a 1.5% multiplier. Effective June 30, 2014 current Police Patrol employees will earn future pension credit at a 2.5% multiplier rather than the current 2.8% multiplier. These changes should significantly impact accrued unfunded liability although the amount of the impact will not be known until the next actuarial reports.
- The renewal of a special road commission millage by voters in the County has resulted in the City setting up a Road Commission Millage Street Project Fund to account for the City's share of the road millage that will be used for street pavement preservation projects. That millage is expected to provide about \$750,000 annually over a three year period.

### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City Manager, Martin Colburn, 400 Boardman Avenue, Traverse City, Michigan 49684.



# Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

	Primary Government							
		vernmental Activities	Business-type Activities		Total			
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,138,910	\$ 8,531,65	7 \$	18,670,567			
Investments		14,405,635	1,080,15		15,485,787			
Receivables, net		2,160,092	1,971,10		4,131,193			
Due from component unit		2,128,937		-	2,128,937			
Internal balances		1,256,184	(1,256,18	34)	· · ·			
Inventories		335,278	76,02	9	411,307			
Prepaid items and other assets		86,235	220,01	2	306,247			
Other postemployment benefit		322,540	98,62	1	421,161			
Advances to primary government		-		-	· -			
Capital assets not being depreciated		19,080,384	11,454,91	5	30,535,299			
Capital assets being depreciated		29,956,595	44,878,29	9	74,834,894			
Total assets		79,870,790	67,054,60	2	146,925,392			
Deferred outflows of resources								
Deferred outflows - pensions		4,999,722	976,98	2	5,976,704			
Deferred outflows - loss on refunding		280,357		<u> </u>	280,357			
Total deferred outflows of resources		5,280,079	976,98	2	6,257,061			
Liabilities								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		2,028,994	464,70	16	2,493,700			
Unearned revenue		8,018		-	8,018			
Due to primary government		-		-	-			
Advances from component units		689		-	689			
Long-term liabilities								
Net pension liability		27,644,612	3,858,12	.8	31,502,740			
Due within one year		493,464	1,047,18		1,540,651			
Due in more than one year		8,971,509	6,029,92	.0	15,001,429			
Total liabilities		39,147,286	11,399,94	1	50,547,227			
Deferred inflows of resources								
Deferred inflows - pensions		864,694	34,68	37	899,381			
Deferred inflows - gain on refunding			406,27	<u>'4</u> _	406,274			
Total deferred inflows of resources		864,694	440,96	1	1,305,655			
Net position								
Net investment in capital assets		40,718,525	48,357,69	0	89,076,215			
Restricted for								
Joint planning		17,075		-	17,075			
Capital improvements		1,084,138		-	1,084,138			
Streets and highways		244,482		-	244,482			
Public welfare or civic improvement organizations		2,415,510		-	2,415,510			
Act 345 retirement		30,018		-	30,018			
Tax increment finance districts		-		-	-			
Nonexpendable brown bridge trust		12,552,891		-	12,552,891			
Nonexpendable cemetery perpetual trust		687,313		-	687,313			
Unrestricted (deficit)		(12,611,063)	7,832,99	2	(4,778,071)			
Total net position	\$	45,138,889	\$ 56,190,68	<u> </u>	101,329,571			

-	<u> </u>		
	Compo	nent (	Units
De	Downtown evelopment Authority		Light and Power
\$	4,013,338	\$	8,730,597 10,849,656
	1,260,143		5,433,715
	-		-
	-		1,582,616
	10,112		14,456
	-		1,382,770
	-		689 2,463,673
	-		55,256,779
			33,230,113
	5,283,593		85,714,951
			2 200 020
	-		3,200,929
			2 200 020
	<u>-</u>		3,200,929
	131,793		2,345,375
	1 020 105		14,270
	1,830,105		298,832
	-		-
	-		14,114,875
	27,619		-
	38,189		201,758
	2,027,706		16,975,110
	-		-
	<u> </u>		
	-		57,720,452
	-		-
	-		-
	-		-
	-		-
	2,930,879		-
			-
	-		-
	325,008		14,220,318
\$	3,255,887	\$	71,940,770

# Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue		
Primary government							
Governmental activities							
General government	\$ 7,270,773	\$ 1,013,408	\$ 785,660	\$ -	\$ (5,471,705)		
Public safety	8,441,271	36,000	49,605	-	(8,355,666)		
Public works	5,342,515	2,405,015	3,551,452	2,531,229	3,145,181		
Culture and recreation	2,323,769	1,034,089	173,171	25,000	(1,091,509)		
Interest and fiscal charges	421,852		<u> </u>		(421,852)		
Total governmental activities	23,800,180	4,488,512	4,559,888	2,556,229	(12,195,551)		
Business-type activities							
Wastewater	7,171,226	7,734,406	-	-	563,180		
Water	3,383,048	4,365,663	-	7,000	989,615		
Marina	548,165	539,500	-	-	(8,665)		
Automobile parking	1,930,211	2,991,212	-	-	1,061,001		
Total business-type activities	13,032,650	15,630,781		7,000	2,605,131		
Total primary government	\$ 36,832,830	\$ 20,119,293	\$ 4,559,888	\$ 2,563,229	\$ (9,590,420)		
Component units							
Downtown Development Authority	\$ 6,789,314	\$ 645,487	\$ 33,800	\$ -	\$ (6,110,027)		
Light and Power	34,543,891	35,896,202			1,352,311		
Total component units	\$ 41,333,205	\$ 36,541,689	\$ 33,800	\$ -	\$ (4,757,716)		

Continued...

### Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Primary Government										
<b>Functions/Programs</b>	_	overnmental Activities		siness-type Activities		Total					
Changes in net position											
Net (expense) revenue	\$	(12,195,551)	\$	2,605,131	\$	(9,590,420)					
General revenues											
Unrestricted property taxes		12,126,837		-		12,126,837					
Restricted property taxes for tax increment finance districts	S	-		-		-					
Grants and contributions not restricted											
to specific programs		1,326,587		-		1,326,587					
Franchise revenue		247,291		-		247,291					
Unrestricted investment earnings		79,374		13,302		92,676					
Gain on sale of capital assets		1,195,051		-		1,195,051					
Transfers		921,601		(921,601)		-					
Contribution to endowment		7,504		<u>-</u>		7,504					
Total general revenues, transfers and contributions		15,904,245		(908,299)		14,995,946					
Change in net position		3,708,694		1,696,832		5,405,526					
Net position, beginning of year		41,430,195		54,493,850		95,924,045					
Net position, end of year	\$	45,138,889	\$	56,190,682	\$	101,329,571					

	Component Units										
I	Oowntown										
D	evelopment	Light and									
	Authority		Power								
\$	(6,110,027)	\$	1,352,311								
	69,613		_								
	2,575,989										
	2,373,767										
	_		_								
	_		_								
	540		348,318								
	_		_								
	-		-								
	-		-								
	2,646,142		348,318								
	(3,463,885)		1,700,629								
	6,719,772		70,240,141								
\$	3,255,887	\$	71,940,770								

Concluded

### Balance Sheet Governmental Fund June 30, 2016

		Special Revenue				Capital Projects Permanent							
	General Fund	Major Streets Fund		Local Streets Fund		Capital Project		Brown Bridge Trust Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total	
ASSETS													
Assets													
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,872,771	\$	113,187	\$	-	\$	-	\$	377,548	\$	4,543,865	\$ 7	,907,371
Investments	1,346,627		-		-		79,799	1	2,187,620		791,589	14	1,405,635
Receivables							ŕ				*		
Accounts	254,437		560		_		709,650		8,125		18,652		991,424
Taxes	3,800		-		_		-				8,720		12,520
Special assessments	-		_				_				324,397		324,397
Accrued interest	_		_				_		47,516		521,577		47,516
Due from other governments	239,524		182,445		144,509				47,510		217,657		784,135
			162,443		144,309		-		-		217,037	1	
Due from other funds	1,284,265		-		-		1 020 105		-				,284,265
Due from component unit	298,832		-		-		1,830,105		-		-		2,128,937
Inventory	127,510		-		-		-		-		-		127,510
Prepaid items and other assets	86,235		-		-		-		-		-		86,235
Advances to other funds	1,000,000											1	,000,000
Total assets	\$ 7,514,001	\$	296,192	\$	144,509	\$	2,619,554	\$ 1	2,620,809	\$	5,904,880	\$ 29	0,099,945
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RE	ESOURCES, AN	D FUN	D BALAN	CE									
Liabilities		•					0.40.000				100 610		***
Accounts payable	\$ 300,936	\$	39,206	\$	14,157	\$	848,902	\$	-	\$	192,649	\$ 1	,395,850
Accrued and other liabilities	413,831		12,504		13,598		-		-		26		439,959
Due to other funds	-		-		116,754		442,528		67,918		155,464		782,664
Deposits payable	49,474		-		-		-		-		-		49,474
Unearned revenue	1,121		-		-		1,085		-		5,813		8,019
Advance from component unit	-		-								689		689
Total liabilities	765,362		51,710		144,509		1,292,515		67,918		354,641	2	2,676,655
Deferred inflows of resources													
Unavailable revenue	-						708,577				323,528	1	,032,105
Fund balance													
Nonspendable													
Inventory	127,510		-		-		-		-		-		127,510
Prepaid items	86,235		_		_		_		_		_		86,235
Advance to other funds	1,000,000		_		_		_		_		_	1	,000,000
Brown bridge trust	-		-		_		_	1	2,552,891		_		2,552,891
Cemetery perpetual care	_		_		_		_		_		687,313		687,313
Restricted											,0.0		,0.0
Debt service	_		_		_		_		_		425		425
Streets and highways	_		244,482				_		_				244,482
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-		277,702		-		-		-		17,075		17,075
Joint planning	-		-		-		-		-			1	
Capital improvements	-		-		-		-		-		1,084,138		,084,138
Public welfare or civic improvement organizat	-		-		-		-		-		2,415,510	2	2,415,510
Act 345 retirement	-		-		-		-		-		30,018		30,018
Committed	505.00												767.06
Budget stablilization	767,061		-		-		-		-		- 002 222		767,061
Capital improvements	-		-		-		618,462		-		992,232	1	,610,694
Assigned													
Subsequent year budget	394,600		-		-		-		-		-		394,600
Unassigned	4,373,233				-		-					4	1,373,233
Total fund balance	6,748,639		244,482				618,462	1	2,552,891		5,226,711	25	5,391,185
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$ 7,514,001	\$	296,192	\$	144,509	\$	2,619,554	Φ.1	2,620,809	\$	5,904,880	\$ 29	9,099,945

Continued.....

### Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

# Reconciliation of Fund Balances on the Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds to Net Position of Governmental Activities on the Statement of Net Position

Governmental Activities on the Statement of Net I ostion	
Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 25,391,185
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore are no reported in the funds.	
Add: capital assets Subtract: accumulated depreciation	90,175,058 (49,148,371)
Because the focus of governmental funds is on short-term financing, some items will not be available to pay for current-period expenditures.	
Add: other postemployment benefits asset Add: deferred outflow of resources - pension Add: unavailable revenue	282,305 4,599,782 1,032,105
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain equipment usage to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental and business-type activities in the statement of net position.	
Add: net position of governmental activities accounted for in internal service fund	8,940,508
Certain items, such as bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Add: deferred loss on refunding Subtract: deferred bond premium - Hardy Deck Subtract: deferred inflow of resources - pension Subtract: net pension liability Subtract: bonds payable Subtract: compensated absences Subtract: accrued interest on long-term liabilities	280,357 (23,150) (850,535) (26,033,631) (8,795,000) (620,821) (90,903)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 45,138,889

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Concluded

# CITY OF TRAVERSE CITY, MICHIGA Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

### Governmental Fund

### For the Year Ended June 30, 201

		Special Re	venue Funds	Capital Projects	Permanent		
	General	Major Streets	Local Streets	Capital Projects	Brown Bridge Trust	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Revenues							
Property taxes and special assessments	\$ 8,559,711	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,885,396	\$ 10,445,107
Licenses and permits	297,926	-	-	-	-	-	297,926
Federal sources	13,039	-	-	375,000	-	260	388,299
State sources	1,326,587	1,221,961	534,023	23,200	-	886,076	3,991,847
Local sources	1,818,187	_	_	· -	_	2,286,400	4,104,587
Charges for services	597,268	_	-	-	_	180,349	777,617
Fines and forfeits	8,027	_	_	_	_	_	8,027
Contributions	167,794	_	_	56,718	_	950,008	1,174,520
Reimbursement	669,705	_	_	2,163,910	_	-	2,833,615
Interest income	32,630	40	_	355	506,783	47,572	587,380
Other revenue	1,471,943			300,000			1,771,943
Total revenues	14,962,817	1,222,001	534,023	2,919,183	506,783	6,236,061	26,380,868
Expenditures							
Current expenditures							
General government	3,267,386	_	-	-	_	42,215	3,309,601
Public safety	6,239,109	_	-	-	_	1,816,425	8,055,534
Public works	1,527,271	1,235,386	1,137,426	1,337,410	_	1,792,501	7,029,994
Culture and recreation	2,281,298	-	-	-	_	-	2,281,298
Capital outlay	-,	_	_	3,821,924	_	292,200	4,114,124
Debt service				0,0-1,7-1		,	.,,
Principal	_	_	_	_	_	1,845,000	1,845,000
Interest expense and fiscal charges						441,400	441,400
Total expenditures	13,315,064	1,235,386	1,137,426	5,159,334		6,229,741	27,076,951
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	1,647,753	(13,385)	(603,403)	(2,240,151)	506,783	6,320	(696,083)
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in	1,491,443	64,943	603,403	1,585,000	_	-	3,744,789
Transfers out	(2,514,602)			. <u> </u>	(227,606)	(80,980)	(2,823,188)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,023,159)	64,943	603,403	1,585,000	(227,606)	(80,980)	921,601
Net change in fund balances	624,594	51,558	-	(655,151)	279,177	(74,660)	225,518
Fund balance, beginning of year	6,124,045	192,924		1,273,613	12,273,714	5,301,371	25,165,667
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 6,748,639	\$ 244,482	\$ -	\$ 618,462	\$ 12,552,891	\$ 5,226,711	\$ 25,391,185

Continued.....

### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
to the Statement of Activities

to the Statement of Activities	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 225,518
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Add: capital outlay Subtract: depreciation expense	3,923,685 (1,455,443)
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	
Add: current principal debt payment Subtract: amortization of deferred loss on refunding Add: amortization of reoffering premium Add: amortization of premium	1,845,000 (24,379) 22,841 2,013
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, but rather are deferred to the following year.	
Subtract: increase in deferred contributions and special assessment receivables	(62,599)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Add: decrease in accrued interest payable Subtract: increase in compensated absences payable Add: increase in other postemployment benefit asset Subtract: change in net pension liability, deferred outflows and deferred inflows	19,073 (76,209) 27,396 (1,082,983)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment usage, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.	
Add: interest income from governmental internal service fund Add: other revenue from governmental internal service fund Add: gain on disposal of capital assets in governmental internal service fund Add: net operating income from governmental activities accounted for in internal service fund	950 67,056 200,998 75,777

Concluded

3,708,694

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Change in net position of governmental activities

### Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2016

	Business-t	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	•••	•••		Automobile			
Acceptor	Wastewater	Water	Marina	Parking System			
Assets Current assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 170,525	\$ 3,410,796	\$ 334,756	\$ 4,615,580			
Investments	\$ 170,325	50,705	ŷ 55 <del>4</del> ,750	1,029,447			
Receivables	_	30,703	_	1,027,447			
Accounts	1,136,231	809,911	1,977	18,350			
Taxes	2,418	2,214	1,977	18,550			
Inventory	2,418	67,019	9,010	-			
Prepaid cost and other assets	215 594		9,010	-			
riepaid cost and other assets	215,584	4,428					
Total current assets	1,524,758	4,345,073	345,743	5,663,377			
Noncurrent assets							
Other postemployment benefit	21,072	76,613	-	936			
Capital assets not being depreciated	480,834	1,325,217	8,412,302	1,236,562			
Capital assets being depreciated	22,647,326	6,343,197	962,603	14,925,173			
Total noncurrent assets	23,149,232	7,745,027	9,374,905	16,162,671			
		.,,,,,,,,,,,					
Total assets	24,673,990	12,090,100	9,720,648	21,826,048			
Deferred outflows							
Deferred outflow of resources - pensions	325,460	581,804	32,145	37,573			
Liabilities							
Current liabilities							
Accounts payable	103,792	97,715	74,215	58,147			
Accrued and other liabilities	73,380	46,504	4,336	6,617			
Due to other funds	121,369	62,732	26,979	290,521			
Current portion of long-term debt	1,047,187	-	-	-			
Total current liabilities	1,345,728	206,951	105,530	355,285			
	1,545,726	200,931	103,330	333,263			
Long-term liabilities							
Advance from other funds	-	-	1,000,000	-			
Long-term debt, net of current portion	5,928,337	-	-	-			
Net pension liability	1,220,891	2,356,408	129,484	151,345			
Compensated absences	36,150	56,689	7,037	1,705			
Total long-term liabilities	7,185,378	2,413,097	1,136,521	153,050			
Total liabilities	8,531,106	2,620,048	1,242,051	508,335			
Deferred inflows							
Deferred inflows  Deferred inflow of resources - pensions	11,639	20,580	1,138	1,330			
-		20,380	1,136	1,330			
Deferred gain on refunding	406,274						
Total deferred inflows	417,913	20,580	1,138	1,330			
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets	16,152,636	7,668,414	8,374,905	16,161,735			
Unrestricted (deficit)	(102,205)	2,362,862	134,699	5,192,221			
Total net position	\$ 16,050,431	\$ 10,031,276	\$ 8,509,604	\$ 21,353,956			

Total	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
\$ 8,531,657	\$ 2,231,539
1,080,152	- 2,231,339
-,,	
1,966,469	100
4,632	-
76,029	207,768
220,012	
11,878,951	2,439,407
00.721	40.225
98,621	40,235
11,454,915	9.010.202
44,878,299	8,010,292
56,431,835	8,050,527
68,310,786	10,489,934
00,010,700	10,103,331
976,982	399,940
333,869 130,837 501,601 1,047,187	26,360 26,449
1,047,107	
2,013,494	52,809
1 000 000	
1,000,000	-
5,928,337 3,858,128	1 610 091
101,581	1,610,981 26,002
101,561	20,002
10,888,046	1,636,983
12,901,540	1,689,792
34,687	14,159
406,274	
440,961	14,159
48,357,690	8,010,292
7,587,577	1,175,631
\$ 55,945,267	\$ 9,185,923

Continued.....

### Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2016

Reconciliation of Net Position on the Statement of Net Position for Enterprise Funds to Net Position of Business-Type Activities on the Statement of Net Position

Net position - total enterprise funds

\$ 55,945,267

Amounts reported for business-type activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain equipment usage to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental and business-type activities in the statement of net position.

Add: cumulative portion of internal service fund net operating gain attributed to business-type activities

245,415

Net position of business-type activities

\$ 56,190,682

Concluded

## CITY OF TRAVERSE CITY, MICHIGA Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 201

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
							A	utomobile
	W	astewater		Water		Marina	Par	king System
Operating revenues								
Charges for services	\$	7,661,754	\$	4,203,086	\$	524,225	\$	2,870,519
Interdepartmental		-		-		-		-
Contributions		-		7,000		-		-
Other revenue		41,991		145,356		15,275		29,395
Total operating revenues		7,703,745		4,355,442		539,500		2,899,914
Operating expenses								
Personnel services		858,197		1,400,928		142,401		80,898
Commodities		17,067		185,046		15,965		46,524
Contractual services		5,139,420		491,658		198,461		793,240
Other charges		235,155		1,037,322		83,338		522,305
Depreciation and amortization		611,832		270,002	_	108,228	_	489,247
Total operating expenses		6,861,671		3,384,956		548,393		1,932,214
Operating income		842,074		970,486		(8,893)		967,700
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)								
Reimbursements		30,661		17,221		-		-
Interest income		4,535		1,987		75		6,705
Other revenue		-		-		-		-
Interest expense and fiscal charges		(312,754)		-		-		-
Gain on sale of capital assets			_					91,298
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(277,558)		19,208		75		98,003
Income before capital contributions and transfers		564,516		989,694		(8,818)		1,065,703
Transfers out		(385,369)		(218,732)		(26,979)		(290,521)
Change in net position		179,147		770,962		(35,797)		775,182
Net position, beginning of year		15,871,284		9,260,314		8,545,401		20,578,774
Net position, end of year	\$	16,050,431	\$	10,031,276	\$	8,509,604	\$	21,353,956

Total         Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund           \$ 15,259,584         \$ -           - 2,888,105         7,000           - 7,000         -           232,017         -           15,498,601         2,888,105           2,482,424         826,843           264,602         479,966           6,622,779         203,298           1,878,120         158,597           1,479,309         1,136,286           12,727,234         2,804,990           2,771,367         83,115           47,882         -           13,302         950           -         67,056           (312,754)         -           91,298         200,998           (160,272)         269,004           2,611,095         352,119           (921,601)         -           1,689,494         352,119           54,255,773         8,833,804           \$ 55,945,267         \$ 9,185,923		
\$ 15,259,584 \$ - 2,888,105 7,000 - 232,017 15,498,601 2,888,105 2,482,424 826,843 264,602 479,966 6,622,779 203,298 1,878,120 158,597 1,479,309 1,136,286 12,727,234 2,804,990 2,771,367 83,115 47,882 - 67,056 (312,754) - 67,056 (312,754) - 91,298 200,998 (160,272) 269,004 2,611,095 352,119 (921,601) 1,689,494 352,119 54,255,773 8,833,804	T. 4.1	Activities - Internal
- 2,888,105 7,000 - 232,017 - 15,498,601 2,482,424 264,602 479,966 6,622,779 203,298 1,878,120 1,479,309 1,136,286  12,727,234 2,804,990 2,771,367 83,115  47,882 - 13,302 950 - 67,056 (312,754) 91,298 200,998 (160,272) 269,004 2,611,095 352,119 (921,601) - 1,689,494 352,119	I otal	Service Fund
2,482,424 826,843 264,602 479,966 6,622,779 203,298 1,878,120 158,597 1,479,309 1,136,286  12,727,234 2,804,990  2,771,367 83,115  47,882 13,302 950 67,056 (312,754) 91,298 200,998  (160,272) 269,004  2,611,095 352,119  (921,601) 1,689,494 352,119  54,255,773 8,833,804	7,000	
2,482,424 826,843 264,602 479,966 6,622,779 203,298 1,878,120 158,597 1,479,309 1,136,286  12,727,234 2,804,990  2,771,367 83,115  47,882 13,302 950 67,056 (312,754) 91,298 200,998  (160,272) 269,004  2,611,095 352,119  (921,601) 1,689,494 352,119  54,255,773 8,833,804	15 408 601	2 888 105
264,602       479,966         6,622,779       203,298         1,878,120       158,597         1,479,309       1,136,286         12,727,234       2,804,990         2,771,367       83,115         47,882       -         -       67,056         (312,754)       -         91,298       200,998         (160,272)       269,004         2,611,095       352,119         (921,601)       -         1,689,494       352,119         54,255,773       8,833,804		
6,622,779     203,298       1,878,120     158,597       1,479,309     1,136,286       12,727,234     2,804,990       2,771,367     83,115       47,882     -       -     67,056       (312,754)     -       91,298     200,998       (160,272)     269,004       2,611,095     352,119       (921,601)     -       1,689,494     352,119       54,255,773     8,833,804		
1,479,309     1,136,286       12,727,234     2,804,990       2,771,367     83,115       47,882     -       13,302     950       -     67,056       (312,754)     -       91,298     200,998       (160,272)     269,004       2,611,095     352,119       (921,601)     -       1,689,494     352,119       54,255,773     8,833,804	6,622,779	
12,727,234     2,804,990       2,771,367     83,115       47,882     -       13,302     950       -     67,056       (312,754)     -       91,298     200,998       (160,272)     269,004       2,611,095     352,119       (921,601)     -       1,689,494     352,119       54,255,773     8,833,804	1,878,120	158,597
2,771,367     83,115       47,882     -       13,302     950       -     67,056       (312,754)     -       91,298     200,998       (160,272)     269,004       2,611,095     352,119       (921,601)     -       1,689,494     352,119       54,255,773     8,833,804	1,479,309	1,136,286
47,882 13,302 950 - 67,056 (312,754) - 91,298 200,998 (160,272) 269,004 2,611,095 352,119 (921,601) - 1,689,494 352,119 54,255,773 8,833,804	12,727,234	2,804,990
47,882 13,302 950 - 67,056 (312,754) - 91,298 200,998 (160,272) 269,004 2,611,095 352,119 (921,601) - 1,689,494 352,119 54,255,773 8,833,804	2,771,367	83,115
13,302 950 - 67,056 (312,754) - 91,298 200,998  (160,272) 269,004  2,611,095 352,119  (921,601) - 1,689,494 352,119  54,255,773 8,833,804	47.882	_
- 67,056 (312,754) - 91,298 200,998 (160,272) 269,004 2,611,095 352,119 (921,601) - 1,689,494 352,119 54,255,773 8,833,804		950
(312,754)     -       91,298     200,998       (160,272)     269,004       2,611,095     352,119       (921,601)     -       1,689,494     352,119       54,255,773     8,833,804	-	
(160,272)     269,004       2,611,095     352,119       (921,601)     -       1,689,494     352,119       54,255,773     8,833,804	(312,754)	-
2,611,095 352,119 (921,601) - 1,689,494 352,119 54,255,773 8,833,804	91,298	200,998
(921,601) - 1,689,494 352,119 54,255,773 8,833,804	(160,272)	269,004
1,689,494 352,119 54,255,773 8,833,804	2,611,095	352,119
54,255,773 8,833,804	(921,601)	
	1,689,494	352,119
\$ 55,945,267 \$ 9,185,923	54,255,773	8,833,804
	\$ 55,945,267	\$ 9,185,923

Continued.....

### Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes	
in Net Position of Enterprise Funds to the Statement of Activities	

Change in net position - total enterprise funds

\$ 1,689,494

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain equipment usage to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) attributable to enterprise funds is reported with business-type activities.

Add: net operating income of the internal service fund attributable to business-type activities

7,338

Change in net position of business-type activities

\$ 1,696,832

Concluded

### Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Busines			
	Wastewater	Water	Marina	Automobile Parking System
Cash flows from operating activities				
Cash received from customers	\$ 7,496,942	\$ 4,098,842	\$ 545,199	\$ 2,893,281
Cash received from interfund services	-	-	-	-
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(5,287,906)	(1,811,775)	(266,700)	(1,334,086)
Cash payments to employees for services	(748,423)	(1,211,979)	(137,113)	(69,149)
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,460,613	1,075,088	141,386	1,490,046
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities				
Cash payments from (to) other funds	80,244	26,508	217,079	55,498
Cash payments for city fee	(385,369)	(218,732)	(26,979)	(290,521)
Cash received from reimbursements	30,661	17,221	-	-
Cash received from other revenue	-	-	-	-
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital				
financing activities	(274,464)	(175,003)	190,100	(235,023)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities				
Cash payments from state government	-	_	3,195	-
Capital contributions	-	_	· -	=
Principal payments	(1,044,326)	_	-	-
Interest payments	(319,506)	_	-	-
Purchases of capital assets	(400,235)	(1,147,061)	-	(580,893)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	256,077
Net cash (used in) capital and related	-			
financing activities	(1,764,067)	(1,147,061)	3,195	(324,816)
Cash flows from investing activities				
Interest received	4,535	1,987	75	6,705
Sale (purchase) of investments		1,362		(1,002,020)
Net cash provided by investing activities	4,535	3,349	75	(995,315)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(573,383)	(243,627)	334,756	(65,108)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	743,908	3,654,423		4,680,688
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 170,525	\$ 3,410,796	\$ 334,756	\$ 4,615,580

	Total	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Ф.	15.024.264	¢.
\$	15,034,264	\$ - 2,890,184
	(8,700,467)	(861,568)
	(2,166,664)	(700,293)
	4,167,133	1,328,323
	379,329	-
	(921,601)	-
	47,882	-
		67,056
	(494,390)	67,056
-	(12.1,02.0)	
	2.105	
	3,195	-
	(1,044,326)	-
	(319,506)	-
	(2,128,189)	(2,466,561)
	256,077	576,901
	(3,232,749)	(1,889,660)
	(=,===,, .> /	(2,000,000)
	13,302	950
	(1,000,658)	<u>-</u>
	(987,356)	950
	(547,362)	(493,331)
	9,079,019	2,724,870
\$	8,531,657	\$ 2,231,539

Continued.....

### Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Business-type - Enterprise Funds				
	Wastewater	Water	Marina	Automobile Parking System	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash					
provided by operating activities					
Operating income	\$ 842,074	\$ 970,486	\$ (8,893)	\$ 967,700	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income					
to net cash provided by operating activities					
Depreciation and amortization	611,832	270,002	108,228	489,247	
Changes in assets and liabilities					
Accounts receivables	(206,803)	(256,600)	5,699	(6,633)	
Prepaid cost and other assets	(124)	(4,970)	-	-	
Inventory	-	20,761	23,146	-	
Deferred outflows - pension	(261,165)	(452,755)	(25,073)	(29,307)	
Construction in progress reclassified to expense	9,972	-	-	-	
Accounts payable	93,888	(119,986)	7,918	27,983	
Accrued and other liabilities	3,310	7,142	(5,122)	(417)	
Net pension liability	355,990	620,428	34,345	40,143	
Deferred inflows - pension	11,639	20,580	1,138	1,330	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 1,460,613	\$ 1,075,088	\$ 141,386	\$ 1,490,046	

 Total	Activit	ernmental ies - Internal vice Fund
\$ 2,771,367	\$	83,115
1,479,309		1,136,286
(464,337)		2,079
(5,094)		(7,571)
43,907		20,610
(768,300)		(311,948)
9,972		-
9,803		(40,317)
4,913		4,608
1,050,906		427,302
 34,687		14,159
\$ 4,167,133	\$	1,328,323

Concluded

# Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2016

		Act 345 Pension rust Fund		Other employment nefit Funds	 Agency Funds
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,750,858	\$	3,280,535	\$ 279,328
Investments, at fair value					
Fixed income mutual funds		4,839,726		-	-
Domestic equities		6,117,090		-	-
International equities		3,486,136		-	-
Real estate		1,532,228		-	-
Other		7,626,872		-	-
MERS total market fund		-		3,815,706	-
Receivables					
Accounts		8,800		72,389	16,543
Taxes		-		-	215,111
Accrued interest		11,821		<u> </u>	 
Total assets		26,373,531		7,168,630	\$ 510,982
Liabilities					
Accrued and other liabilities		90,094		-	\$ 220,662
Due to other governmental units				-	 290,320
Total liabilities		90,094			\$ 510,982
Net Position Held in trust for pension	¢.	24,202,427	Φ.	<b>5</b> .160.620	
benefits and other postemployment benefits	\$	26,283,437	\$	7,168,630	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

### Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

### For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Act 345 Pension Trust Fund	Other Postemployment Benefit Funds
Additions		
Contributions		
City contributions	\$ 1,810,565	\$ 384,646
Employee contributions	58,510	-
Other	159	
Total contributions	1,869,234	384,646
Investment earnings		
Interest and dividends	314,474	5,985
Net increase in fair value of investments	280,575	25,543
Investment advisor fees	(96,131)	
Net investment earnings	498,918	31,528
Total additions	2,368,152	416,174
Deductions		
Pension benefits paid	2,312,077	-
Health insurance premiums paid	-	902,688
Administrative expense	15,450	
Total deductions	2,327,527	902,688
Net increase (decrease) in plan assets	40,625	(486,514)
The mercuse (decrease) in plan assets	40,023	(400,514)
Net position held in trust, beginning of year	26,242,812	7,655,144
Net position held in trust, end of year, attributable to pension plan	\$ 26,283,437	
Net position held in trust, end of year, attributable to health insurance plan		\$ 7,168,630

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Reporting entity

The *City of Traverse City* (the "City") was incorporated in 1895. The City operates under a commission-manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: general government/administrative services, public safety, public works, parks and recreation, planning and zoning and public improvements.

#### Discretely presented component units

The City has adopted the position of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) regarding the definition of the "reporting entity".

The following component units are included in the City's reporting entity.

Downtown Development Authority (the "DDA")

• Includes the DDA General Fund and the Tax Incremental Financial Districts #2 and #97 Special Revenue Funds

Traverse City Light and Power (the "Department")

• Includes the Light and Power Enterprise Fund and the Fiber Enterprise Fund

These discretely presented component units are presented in the statement of net position and statement of activities. They are legally separate, and while the City is not responsible for the operations of the entities, the City is financially accountable for them. In addition, the City appoints the DDA's Board of Trustees and the Department's Board of Directors. The nature and significance of the relationship between these entities and the City is such that exclusion of these entities would render the basic financial statements misleading or incomplete.

Complete financial statements of the individual component units can be obtained from the City Treasurer's Office at 400 Boardman Avenue, Traverse City, Michigan 49684, or from the entities themselves.

Other entities with which the City does not have such relationships are:

Traverse Area District Library City of Traverse City and Garfield Township Recreational Authority Traverse City Housing Commission

The boards of these entities are independent of the City or the City has no significant operational or financial relationship with these entities. Accordingly, the financial statements for these entities have been excluded from the accompanying financial statements.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Joint operation

The City entered into a master sewer agreement effective July 1, 1987 and amended July 1, 2001 to continue until June 30, 2041 with the Townships of East Bay, Acme, Peninsula, and Garfield in Grand Traverse County and the Township of Elmwood in Leelanau County. The master sewer agreement defines the allocation of costs and establishes certain rights and responsibilities with respect to the wastewater treatment plant. Grand Traverse County is the owner of the treatment plant and the City is the owner of all multi-user facilities. Ownership of the treatment plant will revert to the City when certain bonds issued by Grand Traverse County are retired.

The City is the exclusive manager of the plant for the benefit of itself and the Townships. As the exclusive manager, the City has the obligation to fully inform and advise the Townships as to the treatment plant's operation and the Townships shall have the right to comment on all matters connected with the administration of the plant.

Each participant in the joint venture pays an amount sufficient to cover their pro rata share of treatment plant operational costs. Each participant's pro rata share is determined by their volume of sewage treated in relation to total sewage treated at the plant.

The City is responsible for debt service on the 2003 capital lease listed in Note IIF as determined biannually based upon the percentage of the City's flow to the total flow through the treatment plant. For the biannual period ending December 31, 2015, the City's percentage was forty-seven percent. The City is responsible for debt service on the 2011 capital lease listed in Note IID based on capacity rights. The City's capacity right is sixty percent of the related facilities for which they have elected to lease out ten percent of these rights to Townships.

#### B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements, except for agency funds, which do not have a measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers property tax revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Grant revenue, state-shared revenue, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are considered to be available if they are collected within the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for and reported in another fund.

The *Major Streets Fund* accounts for the use of motor fuel taxes and trunkline maintenance funds, which are earmarked by State statute for major street improvement purposes.

The *Local Streets Fund* accounts for the use of motor fuel taxes, which are earmarked by State statute for local street improvement purposes.

The *Capital Projects Fund* accounts for transfers from the General Fund and various grants for miscellaneous equipment transactions, property development and construction projects.

The *Brown Bridge Trust Fund* accounts for funds derived from oil, gas, and mineral exploration at the Brown Bridge property which shall be endowed in a permanent trust. The income from the endowment is used to supplement City taxes as a reduction in the General Fund property tax levy.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Wastewater Fund accounts for the activities of the wastewater disposal and treatment system.

The Water Fund accounts for the activities of the water distribution and treatment system.

The *Marina Fund* accounts for the activities of the marina operations.

The Automobile Parking System Fund accounts for the activities of the parking system.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

The *special revenue funds* are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

The *debt service funds* are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

The *capital project funds* are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The *permanent fund* accounts for and reports resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs. The income is transferred to the General Fund to subsidize cemetery operations.

The *internal service fund* accounts for fleet and equipment management provided to other departments or agencies of the government, on a cost reimbursement basis.

The *pension and other postemployment benefit trust funds* account for the activities of the public safety employees' pension and postemployment benefits and the City's general employees postemployment benefits.

The *agency funds* account for assets held for other governments and individuals in an agency capacity, specifically tax collections, accounts for the activities of the retiree health insurance plans that are not accounted for in the trust funds and payroll fringes.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges for the government's water and wastewater function, cost of building rent and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Wastewater, Water, Marina, and Automobile Parking System enterprise funds, the discretely presented component unit (Light and Power) and the City's internal service fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The enterprise funds also recognize as operating revenues the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and the internal service fund include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position/fund balance and unrestricted - net position/fund balance, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Further, we the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows and net position or fund balance

#### 1. Deposits and investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand and time deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 2. Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year and all other outstanding balances between funds are referred to as "due to/from other funds" except if they are noncurrent then they are reported as "advance from/advance to." The advances reported in governmental funds are offset by a fund balance nonspendable account indicating these financial resources are not expendable and are not available for appropriation. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

### 3. Inventory

Inventory held by the General Fund is valued on the first-in, first-out basis. Enterprise and internal service funds value inventory at average cost, except for fuel, which is valued on the first-in, first-out basis. Inventory of expendable supplies in other funds have not been recorded and the amount of any such inventories is not considered material. The cost of expendable supply inventories has been treated as an expenditure at the time of purchase.

#### 4. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or component unit columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$10,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are valued at acquisition value (the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with an equivalent service potential in an orderly market transaction) on the date received. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities, if any, is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. The amount reported for infrastructure includes assets acquired or constructed since 1985.

Capital assets of the primary government and component units are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	<b>Years</b>
Buildings	10-50
Public domain infrastructure	10-50
System infrastructure	10-50
Land improvements	10-50
Vehicles	7-25
Equipment	5-10

#### 5. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet, when applicable, will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position/fund balance that applies to future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Currently, the City has items of this type that qualify as deferred outflows of resources.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and the balance sheet, when applicable, will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. Currently, the City has items of this type that qualify as deferred inflows of resources.

#### 6. Compensated absences

City employees are granted vacation hours on their anniversary date of hire. The number of hours is dependent upon years of service. Unused vacation pay is accrued year-end.

Until 1990, sick leave hours were credited to each employee as earned during a calendar year. Bargaining and non-bargaining employees are compensated for one-half of their unused accumulated sick leave hours up to a maximum of 480 hours (or 1,080 hours for Fire Department employees) upon retirement.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Since 1990, short-term leave pay has replaced sick leave pay for all employees. Each employee is entitled to 56 hours of short-term leave pay per year on December 1. Unused short-term leave accumulated at November 30 is paid out on the first non-payroll Friday in December. The City accrues unused short-term leave at its fiscal year-end.

All vacation and short-term leave is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

### 7. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and the proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as an other financing source. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### 8. Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report nonspendable fund balance for amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balance is reported when externally imposed constraints are placed on the use of the resource by grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Committed fund balance is reported for amounts that can be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City's highest level of decision making authority, the City Commission. A formal resolution by the City Commission is required to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment. Assigned fund balance is reported for amounts intended for specific purposes expressed by the governing body. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 9. Budget Stabilization Arrangement

The City Commission has formally established a budget stabilization arrangement through City ordinance pursuant to Public Act 30 of 1978. The interest on investments earned in this fund is used to subsidize the General Fund operations. The money restricted in the Budget Stabilization Fund cannot exceed the smaller of 15% of the City's General Fund budget for the most recent year or an average of the five most recent years. Monies in this fund may be used to cover a General Fund deficit, prevent a reduction in the level of public services or to cover the expenses of a natural disaster. However, these monies are not to be used as a part of a general capital improvement program. For financial statement purposes the Budget Stabilization Fund has been combined with the General Fund.

#### II. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

#### A. Deposits and investments

Michigan Compiled Laws, Section 129.91 authorizes the City to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations which have an office in Michigan. The City is allowed to invest in bonds, securities, and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; United States government or federal agency obligations; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptance of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications which mature not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions which are rated as investment grade; mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan; external investment pools as authorized by Public Act 20 as amended; and long-term or perpetual trust funds consisting of money and royalties or money derived from oil and gas exploration as property or mineral rights owned by the City, or a special revenue fund consisting of payments for park operations and maintenance has the same authority to invest the assets as is authorized by Public Act 314 as amended.

The City Commission has designated any bank in Michigan for the deposit of City funds. The investment policy adopted by the Board in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997 has authorized investment in bonds and securities of the United States government, interest bearing savings and checking accounts, repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptance of United States banks, federal agency instruments, money market funds with a net asset value of \$1.00 per share, commercial paper within the two highest classifications and negotiable and non-negotiable certificates of deposits, but not the remainder of State statutory authority as listed above.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The City's deposits and investment policy is in accordance with statutory authority.

Cash and cash equivalents and investments are reported in the financial statements as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Fiduciary Funds	Total Primary Government	Component Units
Cash and cash					
equivalents	\$ 10,138,910	\$8,531,657	\$ 6,310,721	\$ 24,981,288	\$ 12,743,935
Investments	14,405,635	1,080,152	27,417,758	42,903,545	10,849,656
Total	<u>\$ 24,544,545</u>	<u>\$ 9,611,809</u>	<u>\$ 33,728,479</u>	<u>\$ 67,884,833</u>	<u>\$ 23,593,591</u>

Cash and cash equivalents reported above include \$10,113 of cash on hand that is not considered deposits or investments for footnote purposes.

The breakdown between cash and investments is as follows:

Petty cash	\$	10,113
City and component unit bank deposits		
(checking, savings accounts and certificates of deposit)	34	,355,555
City and component unit investments	23	3,384,277
Pension and other postemployment benefit fund - deposits	6	5,310,721
Pension and other postemployment benefit fund - investments	27	<u>7,417,758</u>
Total	\$ 91	,478,424

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **Investments**

The City chooses to disclose its investments by specifically identifying each. Investment ratings were provided by Standard & Poor's. The City had the following investments in the governmental activities, business type activities and component units.

Investment	Maturity	Fair Value	Rating
US Treasury Note	02/15/2024	\$ 551,935	Aaa
US Treasury Note	01/31/2019	1,020,900	Aaa
US Treasury Note	06/30/2019	1,026,680	Aaa
US Treasury Note	01/31/2021	1,051,480	Aaa
US Treasury Note	02/15/2020	440,156	Aaa
US Treasury Note	07/31/2016	125,315	Aaa
US Treasury Note	10/31/2017	150,363	Aaa
US Treasury Note	07/31/2016	751,890	Aaa
US Treasury Note	03/31/2017	1,003,710	Aaa
US Treasury Note	10/31/2017	501,210	Aaa
US Treasury Note	06/30/2018	1,015,200	Aaa
US Treasury Note	09/30/2019	1,031,290	Aaa
US Treasury Note	02/15/2020	550,195	Aaa
US Treasury Note	06/30/2020	519,140	Aaa
US Treasury Note	05/15/2025	1,056,290	Aaa
US Treasury Note	06/30/2022	1,054,380	Aaa
US Treasury Note	06/30/2021	1,053,320	Aaa
US Treasury Note	06/30/2018	517,560	Aaa
US Treasury Note-FHLB	03/23/2020	1,000,980	Aaa/AA+
US Treasury Note-FHLB	10/29/2020	1,000,290	Aaa/AA+
US Treasury Note-FHLB	01/29/2021	1,000,190	Aaa/AA+
US Treasury Note-FHLB	05/17/2021	1,002,990	Aaa/AA+
US Treasury Note-FHLB	10/29/2027	1,000,120	Aaa/AA+
US Treasury Note-FHLB	02/26/2021	500,105	Aaa/AA+
US Treasury Note-FHLB	04/27/2023	1,004,240	Aaa/AA+
US Treasury Note	12/31/2016	912,681	Aaa
US Treasury Note-FHLB	05/25/2021	1,001,470	Aaa
US Treasury Note	02/15/2021	27,978	Aaa
US Treasury Note	07/31/2016	75,189	Aaa
US Treasury Note	02/15/2024	331,161	Aaa
US Treasury Note	02/28/2019	766,058	Aaa
US Treasury Note	12/31/2016	50,705	Aaa
US Treasury Note	02/15/2024	104,868	Aaa
MPPA	Various	6,139	Unrated
Michigan CLASS Pool	N/A	178,099	AAAm

\$ 23,384,277

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fair Value Measurements. The City categorizes its fair value measurements of investments within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of year end.

- US Treasury Notes and our investments held by the MPPA are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).
- The Michigan Class Pool is valued using a pricing model utilizing observable fair value measures of fund/pool investments and other observable inputs to determining the fair value of the securities making up the of investments fund/pool (Level 2 inputs).
- The City does not has any investments that report fair value based on significant unobservable inputs (Level 3 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk. State law limits the allowable investments and the maturities of some of the allowable investments as identified above. The City's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The maturity dates for each investment are identified above for investments held at year-end.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to specific government securities, certificates of deposits and bank accounts with qualified financial institutions, commercial paper with specific maximum maturities and ratings when purchased, bankers acceptances of specific financial institutions, qualified mutual funds and qualified external investment pools as identified above. The City's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment credit risk. The ratings for each investment are identified above for investments held at year end.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. As of year end, \$7,222,207 of the City's bank balance of \$34,211,185 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. In accordance with the City's investment policy the City will minimize custodial credit risk, which is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer, by limiting investments to the types of securities allowed by the policy. In addition, the City Treasurer will prequalify all financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries and advisors with which the City will do business by subjecting them to certain criteria. Of the above

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

\$23,384,277 of investments, the City has a custodial credit risk exposure of \$23,200,039 because the related securities are uninsured, unregistered and held by the government's brokerage firm which is also the counterparty for these particular securities. The custodial credit risk for balances in investment pools cannot be determined because the investments are not evidenced by specific identifiable securities.

Concentration of Credit Risk. State law limits allowable investments but does not limit concentration of credit risk as identified above. The City's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on concentration of credit risk. All of the City's investments are identified above.

#### Deposits and Investments - Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Funds

The City maintains a pension trust fund and a postemployment benefit trust fund where deposits and investments are maintained separately from the City's pooled cash and investments, and are subject to separate investment policies and State statutes. Accordingly, the required disclosures for the trust funds' deposits and investments are presented separately.

**Deposits** - The Act 345 pension trust fund maintains a checking account with a bank balance of \$2,404,745 with deposits collateralized and a money market account in the pension fund trust account with a balance of \$346,113, of which \$250,000 is insured and \$96,113 is not insured or collateralized The Act 345 retiree health insurance trust fund has deposits in pooled cash account totaling \$3,280,535.

Investments - The Michigan Public Employees Retirement Systems' Investment Act, Public Act 314, of 1965, as amended, authorizes pension and postemployment benefit trusts to invest in stocks, government and corporate securities, mortgages, real estate, and various other investment instruments, subject to certain limitations. The Pension Trust Fund accounts for the pension activities of the City's public safety employees and the investments are managed by the ACT 345 Retirement Board ("Retirement Board"). The Postemployment Benefit Trust accounts for the activities of the general municipal employees and investments are managed by the Municipal Employees Retirement System ("MERS"). These two combined are referred to as the "Systems". The Retirement Board, which is made up of the City Treasurer, an active fire and police member, and two additional members appointed by the City Manager has the responsibility and authority to oversee the investment portfolio. Various professional investment managers are contracted to assist in managing the Pension Trust Fund's assets. All investment decisions are subject to Michigan law and the investment policy established by the Retirement Board.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The trust funds' investments are held in a bank-administered trust fund and a MERS trust account. Following is a summary of the System's investments as of June 30, 2016:

Investments at fair value, as determined	
by quoted market price	
Fixed income mutual funds	\$ 4,839,726
Common stock	3,682,534
Equity mutual funds	5,920,692
Equity common trust funds	6,836,433
Alternative - SBIC funds	790,439
MERS total market fund	3,815,706
Direct real estate investments	1,532,228
Total investments	\$ 27,417,758

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### B. Capital assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

### **Primary Government**

	Increases	<b>Decreases</b>	Ending Balance
\$ 11.339.616	\$ 3,200	\$ -	\$ 11,342,816
5,645,046	4,114,125	2,021,603	7,737,568
16,984,662	4,117,325	2,021,603	19,080,384
d			
4,169,758	70,609	_	4,240,367
	1,306,481	-	50,457,292
16,401,429	486,489	-	16,887,918
15,254,955	2,102,973	916,481	16,441,447
84,976,953	3,966,552	916,481	88,027,024
910,511	93,607	_	1,004,118
36,677,986	785,139	-	37,463,125
10,134,844	510,868	_	10,645,712
8,623,909	1,202,114	868,549	8,957,474
56,347,250	2,591,728	868,549	58,070,429
28,629,703	1,374,824	47,932	29,956,595
\$ 45,614.365	\$ 5,492,149	\$ 2,069.535	\$ 49,036,979
	16,984,662  d 4,169,758 49,150,811 16,401,429 15,254,955  84,976,953  : 910,511 36,677,986 10,134,844 8,623,909  56,347,250	\$ 11,339,616 \$ 3,200 5,645,046 4,114,125 16,984,662 4,117,325 d 4,169,758 70,609 49,150,811 1,306,481 16,401,429 486,489 15,254,955 2,102,973 84,976,953 3,966,552 : 910,511 93,607 36,677,986 785,139 10,134,844 510,868 10,134,844 510,868 8,623,909 1,202,114 56,347,250 2,591,728	\$ 11,339,616 \$ 3,200 \$ - 5,645,046

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
<b>Business-type activities</b>				
Capital assets not being				
depreciated:	Φ 1 107 057	ф	Φ.	Φ 1 107 057
Land	\$ 1,187,057	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,187,057
Land improvements	8,416,432	-	- 2.252.462	8,416,432
Construction in progress	210,236	3,893,652	2,252,462	1,851,426
Total capital assets not	0.010.707	2 002 452	2.252.462	11 151 015
being depreciated	9,813,725	3,893,652	2,252,462	11,454,915
Capital assets, being depreciate	·d			
Buildings and improvements	35,354,635	_	_	35,354,635
Other improvements	21,246,033	286,901	_	21,532,934
Machinery and equipment	13,907,347	25,347	_	13,932,693
Total capital assets being	13,507,317			13,732,075
depreciated	70,508,015	312,248	_	70,820,262
depreciated	70,500,015	312,210		70,020,202
Less accumulated depreciation	ı <b>:</b>			
Buildings and improvements	13,606,198	690,849	-	14,297,047
Other improvements	5,448,414	576,695	-	6,025,109
Machinery and equipment	5,408,043	211,765	-	5,619,807
• • •				
Total accumulated				
depreciation	24,462,655	1,479,309	_	25,941,963
•				
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	46,045,360	(1,167,061)	-	44,878,299
-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
<b>Business-type activities</b>				
capital assets, net	\$ 55,859,085	\$ 2,726,591	\$ 2,252,462	\$ 56,333,214

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Light and Power				
Component Unit				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,395,691	\$ 7,970	\$ 324,242	\$ 1,079,419
Construction in progress	5,043,136	6,901,079	10,559,961	1,384,254
Total capital assets not				
being depreciated	6,438,827	6,909,049	10,884,203	2,463,673
6 -1				
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	4,487,246	896,310	-	5,383,556
Equipment and distribution	C5 0C7 004	11 127 440	- (05.720	75 500 500
system Fiber system	65,067,884 1,803,207	11,127,440 28,705	685,738	75,509,586 1,831,912
Wifi system	501,720	20,703	_	501,720
Will System	301,720			301,720
Total capital assets being				
depreciated	71,860,057	12,052,455	685,738	83,226,774
I				
Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements	1,503,543	148,203		1,651,746
Equipment and distribution	1,505,545	140,203	-	1,031,740
system	23,919,803	2,156,767	525,705	25,550,865
Fiber system	598,915	93,211	-	692,126
Wifi system	25,086	50,172		75,258
Total accountated				
Total accumulated depreciation	26,047,347	2,448,353	525,705	27,969,995
depreciation	20,047,347	2,440,333	323,703	21,909,993
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	45,812,710	9,604,102	160,033	55,256,779
-				
Light and Power				
Component Unit	¢ 50 051 527	¢ 16 512 151	¢ 11 044 224	¢ 57.710.450
capital assets, net	<u>\$ 52,251,537</u>	<b>\$</b> 16,513,151	<b>\$ 11,044,236</b>	<b>\$</b> 57,710,452

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

<b>Governmental activities</b>		
General government	\$	47,987
Public safety		129,204
Public works, including depreciation of general		
infrastructure assets		789,716
Recreation and culture		488,535
Capital assets held by the government's internal		
service fund are charged to the various		
functions based on their usage of the assets		1,136,286
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$	<b>2,591,728</b>
Business-type activities		
Business-type activities Wastewater	\$	611,832
* •	\$	611,832 270,002
Wastewater	\$	
Wastewater Water	\$	270,002
Wastewater Water Marina	\$ 	270,002 108,228
Wastewater Water Marina Auto parking  Total depreciation expense – business-type activities	\$ 	270,002 108,228 489,247
Wastewater Water Marina Auto parking	\$ <u>\$</u>	270,002 108,228 489,247

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### C. Interfund receivables, payables, and transfers

Fund	Inter-fund Receivable	Fund	Inter-fund Payable
General Fund	\$ 1,284,265	Local Streets Fund	\$ 116,754
		College Parking Fund	7,684
		Stormwater Asset	
		Management Grant Fund	129,036
		Capital Projects Fund	442,528
		Automobile Parking System Fund	290,521
		Wastewater Disposal Fund	121,369
		Water Fund	62,732
		Marina Fund	26,979
		Brown Bridge Trust Fund	67,918
		Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund	15,980
		McCauley Trust Fund	2,764
	\$ 1,284,265		\$ 1,284,265

Interfund receivables and payables are established to: (1) cover cash deficits, (2) to record a receivable for the year end transfer of interest revenue to the General Fund, (3) to finance projects, and (4) to record city fee owed to the General Fund.

### **Interfund Transfers**

	Operating Transfer In	Operating Transfer Out	Total
General Fund	\$ 1,491,443	\$ 2,514,602	\$ (1,023,159)
Major Streets Fund	64,943	-	64,943
Local Streets Fund	603,403	-	603,403
Brown Bridge Trust Fund	-	227,606	(227,606)
Capital Projects Fund	1,585,000	-	1,585,000
Non-major Governmental Funds	-	80,980	(80,980)
Wastewater Fund	-	385,369	(385,369)
Water Fund	-	218,732	(218,732)
Marina Fund	-	26,979	(26,979)
Automobile Parking System Fund	<del>-</del> _	290,521	(290,521)
	\$ 3,744,789	\$ 3,744,789	\$ -

Interfund transfers are: (1) to transfer interest revenue to the General Fund, (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, and (3) to transfer the City fee mandated by the City Charter from the enterprise funds to the General Fund.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### D. Long-term debt and accrued compensated absences

The following is a summary of bond and lease transactions of the City for the year ended June 30, 2016:

		Primary Government	<u> </u>
	Governmental	Business-	
	Activities	Type	
	General	Activities	Total
	Obligation	Lease	Primary
	Bonds	<u>Payable</u>	Government
Long-term debt at July 1, 2015	\$ 10,688,004	\$ 7,988,377	\$ 18,676,381
Reductions Principal Amortization of Premium	(1,845,000) (24,854)	(1,012,853)	(2,857,853) (24,854)
Total reductions	(1,869,854)	(1,012,853)	(2,882,707)
Long-term debt at June 30, 2016	<u>\$ 8,818,150</u>	<u>\$ 6,975,524</u>	<u>\$ 15,793,674</u>
Due within one year	<u>\$ 485,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,047,187</u>	<u>\$ 1,532,187</u>

The following is a summary of accrued compensated absences of the City for the year ended June 30, 2016: For the governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

	Primary Government			
		Business-		Total
	Governmental	Type	Component	Reporting
	Activities	Activities	<u>Units</u>	<u>Entity</u>
Accrued compensated	¢ 569.201	Ф 02. <b>527</b>	¢ 220.545	¢ 992.462
absences at July 1, 2015	\$ 568,391	\$ 93,527	\$ 220,545	\$ 882,463
Additions	676,798	114,451	267,617	1,058,866
Reductions	(598,366)	(106,395)	(220,596)	(925,357)
Accrued compensated absences at June 30, 201	16 \$ 646 <b>9</b> 22	¢ 101 592	\$ 267.566	<b>\$ 1,015,972</b>
absences at June 50, 201	16 <u>\$ 646,823</u>	<u>\$ 101,583</u>	<u>\$ 267,566</u>	<u>5 1,015,972</u>
Due within one year	<b>\$ 8,464</b>	<u>\$ -</u>	<b>\$</b> 27,619	<u>\$ 36,083</u>

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Bond and lease obligations at June 30, 2016 are comprised of the following individual issues:

<b>Total Reporting Entity</b>			<u>\$ 15,793,674</u>
Capital Lease Payable	2022	4.00	6,975,524
2011 Wastewater Treatment			
Business-type Activities:			
Series 2002B - Parking Deck	2017	6.40-6.50	140,000
General Obligation Downtown Development			
Series 2007A Premium			23,150
Series 2007A - Parking Deck - Refund	2028	4.00-4.125	\$ 8,655,000
General Obligation Downtown Development			
Governmental Activities:			
Primary Government			
	Date	Rates	Balance
	Maturity	Interest	Outstanding
	Final		

The Wastewater Fund capital lease is directly related to bonds issued through Grand Traverse County (the "County"). The City records its share of County bonds as capital leases payable in accordance with the Michigan Committee on Governmental Accounting and Auditing Statement 10, as amended.

Capital assets held under capital leases cost approximately \$26,929,000 with accumulated depreciation of \$8,351,000 and a book value of \$18,578,000 at June 30, 2016.

On April 1, 2011, the County issued \$20,385,000, in General Obligation Bonds (City's portion is the 2011 Wastewater Treatment Capital Lease Payable) with an average interest rate of 3.15% to advance refund their 2002 General Obligation Bond (City's portion is the 2002 Wastewater Treatment Capital Lease Payable) with a net interest rate of 3.15%. The City's portion was reduced over the next 11 years by approximately \$100,000 with an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payment on the old and new debt) of approximately \$1,200,000.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The annual requirements to pay principal and interest on bond and lease obligations, excluding deferred refunding costs and bond premiums/discounts, are as follows:

		Governmen eneral Obli			Business-Type Activitie Capital Leases Payable			
Fiscal <u>Year</u>	<u> P</u>	rincipal _	1	<u>Interest</u>	_]	Principal _		Interest
2017	\$	485,000	\$	363,606	\$	1,047,187	\$	279,021
2018		540,000		335,531		1,092,966		237,133
2019		590,000		313,931		1,144,467		193,415
2020		645,000		290,331		1,187,384		147,636
2021		705,000		264,531		1,230,301		100,141
2022-26		4,170,000		854,255		1,273,219		50,929
2027-28		1,660,000		102,506				
	<u>\$</u>	<u>8,795,000</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>2,524,691</u>	<u>\$</u>	6,975,524	<u>\$</u>	1,008,275

#### **E.** Commitments

### **Primary Government**

As part of it's ongoing capital improvement plan, The City has entered into various agreements with construction contractors, engineers and consultants. The estimated open balance on the agreements at June 30, 2016 is \$2,847,000.

#### **Component Units**

#### **Downtown Development Authority**

The 2007 City of Traverse City Downtown Development Authority Tax Exempt Refunding Bonds, the 2002B City of Traverse City Downtown Development Authority Taxable Bonds, and the 2009 City of Traverse City Downtown Development Authority Tax Exempt Old Town Parking Deck Bonds are reported on the City of Traverse City financial statements. The Downtown Development Authority has pledged tax increment revenues for the payment of these bonds. The Downtown Development Authority provides these tax increment revenues to the City less the developer required contribution for bond payment on the 2007 debt. The developer's required contribution is \$18,986 annually through 2017. The City has pledged its limited tax full faith and credit for the payment of the principal and interest on the bonds.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following are the future minimum payments expected to be received from the Downtown Development Authority based on the collection of tax increment revenues in the Tax Increment Financing and Development Plan No. 97 and No. 2:

Fiscal <u>Year End</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2017	\$ 829,620
2018	875,531
2019	903,931
2020	935,331
2021	969,531
2022-2026	5,024,255
2027-2028	1,762,506
Total	<u>\$ 11,300,705</u>

The Authority has agreed to assist in the funding of various City construction projects in the DDA district that were still in progress as of June 30, 2016. The Authority has agreed to pay a portion of the West Front Street reconstruction project using TIF 97 captured funds, the estimated balance remaining on this commitment at June 30, 2016 is \$49,895.

The Authority has committed to the Pine Street Pedestrian Bridge project using TIF 97 captured funds. The estimated remaining balance on this commitment is \$37,010. The Authority has agreed to pay construction costs related to the Garland Street reconstruction project with TIF 97 captured funds. The estimated remaining balance on this commitment is \$930,501.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **Traverse City Light and Power**

The utility has agreements with the MPPA committing it to purchase of up to 2MW of renewable energy from Granger Electric of Michigan, LLC, .65MW of renewable energy from North American Natural Resources, Inc., and 3.6MW of all energy, capacity, and environmental attributes under the agreement for a development in the thumb area of Michigan. Additionally through the MPPA Energy Service Committee, the utility has base energy bilateral contracts for the calendar year 2017 through 2020 in the amount of \$2,514,237 and capacity transaction bilateral contracts for the calendar year 2017 through 2024 in the amount of \$3,982,080.

### F. Contingencies

The City and its component units participate in federally assisted grant programs, which are subject to financial and compliance audits. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements, and is subject to audit by grantor agencies. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

#### III. OTHER INFORMATION

#### A. Risk management

The government is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. During the year ended June 30, 2016, the government carried insurance through various commercial carriers, including the Michigan Municipal League, to cover risks of losses. The government has had no settled claims resulting from these risks that exceeded its commercial coverage in the past three fiscal years.

### **B.** Joint agreements

Beginning June 1, 1978, the City entered into an agreement with the County of Grand Traverse for the joint ownership and operation of the Governmental Center. Under the terms of the agreement, the City owns 26.39% of the property and the County owns the remaining 73.61%. The City's share of the original building cost was \$935,000.

Under the terms of a separate agreement, the City reimburses the County of Grand Traverse for its pro rata share of operation and maintenance costs of the Governmental Center. The City's share of these costs for the year ended June 30, 2016 amounted to \$95,901, which is included in General Fund expenditures.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### C. Property taxes

The government's property taxes are levied each July 1 on the taxable valuation of property located in the City as of the preceding December 31, the lien date. Property taxes are payable without penalty and interest through August 31; as of March 1 of the succeeding year, unpaid real property taxes are sold to and collected by Grand Traverse County.

The 2015 adjusted ad valorem taxable value in the City totaled \$893,665,433, on which taxes levied consisted of 11.1167 mills for operating purposes and 2.32 mills for Act 345.

Included in the taxable valuation is the Downtown Development Authority ("DDA"). The taxable value for the DDA is \$136,649,055. The DDA general operating tax rate for was 1.8038 mills. Property taxes are also derived from tax increment financing agreements between the DDA and other taxing districts. Under these arrangements, the DDA receives those property taxes levied on the increment of current taxable valuations (determined as of the preceding December 31, the lien date) over base year assessed valuations on certain property located in the City of Traverse City, which are within the DDA district. Property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year in which they are levied.

### D. Defined benefit pension plans

The City has three defined benefit retirement plans, The Act 345 Retirement System covering police and fire department personnel, The MERS Traverse City Light and Power Plan covering the Light and Power Component Unit employees and the MERS City of Traverse City-General Plan covering all other City employees.

#### Police and Fire Department Employees' Retirement Fund (Act 345)

#### **Method used to value Investments**

Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are valued at cost which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Real Estate consists of shares in a Real Estate Investment Trust which are valued at the quoted market price

*Plan administration.* The City administers the Police and Fire Department Employees' Retirement Fund (Act 345) - a single employer defined benefit pension plan that provides pensions to eligible Police and Fire Department Employees. Public Act 345 grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the Act 345 Board of Trustees.

Management of the plan is vested in the Act 345 Board, which consists of 5 members - The City Treasurer, an elected member from the Fire Department and Police Department and two at large members.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

*Plan membership.* At June 30, 2016 the most recent actuarial valuation date, membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	68
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	3
Active plan members	_50

**Total** <u>121</u>

*Benefits provided.* The plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Police employees are eligible at age 50 with 25 or more years of service, additionally, Police Patrol employees at age 60 with 10 years of service and Police Captains at age 60 regardless of service. Fire employees are eligible at any age with 25 years of service, at age 55 with 10 years of service and at age 60 regardless of service.

Police employees hired prior to 7/1/2009 receive retirement equal to 2.8% (2.5% for service on or after 6/30/2015) of the 3 year average final compensation (AFC) times first 25 years of service plus 1% of AFC times years of service in excess of 25 years. Fire employees hired prior to 7/1/2009 receive 2.8% of 3 year AFC times first 25 years of service plus 1% of AFC times years of service after 25 years. All Police or Fire employees hired on or after 7/1/2009 receive 2% of the 3 year AFC times first 25 years of service plus 1% of AFC times years of service after 25 years.

All members are eligible for deferred retirement after 10 or more years of service computed as a service retirement but based on years of service, AFC, and benefits in effect at termination. Benefits begin at date retirement would have occurred had member remained in employment.

A death after retirement survivor's pension is payable to a surviving spouse upon the death of a retired member who was receiving a pension which was effective 7/1/1975 or later equal to 60% of the deceased member's benefit.

A non-duty-death-in-service survivor's pension is payable upon the death of a member with 20 (police) or 10 (fire) or more years of service.

A Police duty-death-in-service survivor's pension is payable upon expiration of Worker's Compensation, to survivors of a member that died in the line of duty equal to the amount that was paid by Worker's Compensation. A Fire duty-death-in-service is payable to the surviving spouse equal to 100% of a benefit calculated as if the deceased member had retired with 25 years of service.

A non-duty disability benefit is payable upon the total and permanent disability of a Police or Fire member with 5 or more years of service. The amount will be 1.5% of AFC times the years of service up to age 55 and an amount equal to the service retirement amount at age 55 or older.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A duty disability benefit is payable for a member permanently disabled in the line of duty to age 55 of 50% (70% for Fire) of AFC. At or after age 55, the amount is the same as a service retirement pension with service credit from the date of the disability to age 55.

Post retirement increases are available at various rates as follows: Pre 7/1/1990 retirees-2.5% of original pension amount given annually for twenty years. Police Sergeants Unit effective 8/1/1998 - 2.5% of the original pension or the current consumers price index inflation rate whichever is lower, given annually for twenty years. Police Captains Unit effective 1/1/1994 - 2.5% of the original pension or the current consumers price index inflation rate whichever is lower, given annually for twenty years. Police Patrol Unit effective 1/1/1999 - 2.5% of the original pension or the current consumers price index inflation rate whichever is lower, given annually for twenty years. Firefighters effective 7/1/2000 - 2.5% of the original pension or the current consumers price index inflation rate whichever is lower, given annually for twenty years.

Contributions. Effective July 1, 2013, each Police Captain employee shall make a retirement contribution of 6.00% of gross salary and all Firefighter employees shall make a retirement contribution of 4.53% of gross salary.

Investment policy. The plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Act 345 Pension Board of Trustees. Investment objectives consider both the plan's financial and liquidity needs and the Board's tolerance for investment risk and inflation expectations. A strategic asset allocation plan is developed to attempt to achieve the Board's investment objectives while maximizing expected investment returns with a prudent amount of investment risk and recognizing that the capital markets may behave differently over any period of time, through the life of the plan. The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2016:

Asset class	Target Allocation
Domestic fixed income	23%
International fixed income	5%
Domestic equity	50%
International equity	15%
Real Estate	5%
Cash	2%

*Concentrations.* At June 30, 2016 the Plan did not hold investments greater than 5% of the plans fiduciary net position in any one organization.

Rate of Return. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan expense, was 1.92%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

*Net Pension Liability*. The employer's Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an annual actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015 with a June 30, 2016 measurement date and reporting date, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 4.0%

Salary increases 4.00%-7.00%

Investment rate of return 7.5%, net of pension plan investment expense

Mortality rates were determined based on the RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, projected 20 years with Scale AA.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These real rates of return are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. For each major asset class that is included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2016, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Domestic Fixed Income	23.00%	0.00%
International Fixed Income	5.00%	1.00%
Domestic Equity	50.00%	5.00%
International Equity	15.00%	6.00%
Real Estate	5.00%	2.00%
Cash	2.00%	0.00%

<sup>\*</sup> Real rate of return is based on inflation assumption of 2.5%

Single discount rate. A single discount rate of 7.50% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Changes in Net Pension Liability.

Fiscal year ending June 30,	2015	2016
Total Pension Liability		
Service Cost	\$ 644,925	\$ 678,748
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	2,993,916	3,036,795
Benefit changes	-	_
Difference between expected and actual		
experience of the Total Pension Liability	(802,207)	(372,033)
Assumption changes	-	-
Benefits paid and refunds	(2,251,552)	(2,312,077)
Net change in Total Pension Liability	585,082	1,031,433
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	40,722,189	41,307,271
Total Pension Liability- Ending (a)	\$ 41,307,271	\$42,338,704
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		
Employer contributions	\$ 1,683,306	\$ 1,810,565
Employee contributions	76,863	58,510
Pension plan net investment income	463,881	498,918
Benefit payments and refunds	(2,251,552)	(2,312,077)
Pension plan administrative expense	(16,523)	(15,450)
Other		159
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(44,025)	40,625
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	26,286,837	26,242,812
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 26,242,812	\$26,283,437

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher:

	1% Decrease 6.50%	Current SDR 7.50%	1% Increase 8.50%
Total Pension Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 47,610,740 	\$ 42,338,704 <u>26,283,437</u>	\$ 37,940,401 26,283,437
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	<u>\$ 21,327,303</u>	\$ 16,055,267	<u>\$ 11,656,964</u>

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. For the year ended June 30, 2016 the employer recognized pension expense of \$2,066,180. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflow	Deferred Inflow
Deficit Investment Return Difference in Experience	\$ 2,054,837	\$ - 760,086
Total	\$ 2,054,837	\$ 760 <u>,086</u>

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferred Outflow		Deferred Inflow
2017	\$ 588,138	\$	243,257
2018	588,138		243,257
2019	588,139		190,980
2020	290,422		72,360
2021			10,232
Total	<u>\$ 2,054,837</u>	<u>\$</u>	760,086

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **MERS City of Traverse City - General Plan**

**Plan Description.** The employer's defined benefit pension plan provides certain retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The employer participates in MERS of Michigan. MERS is an agent multiple-employer, statewide public employee pension plan established by the Michigan Legislature under Public Act 135 of 1945 and administered by a nine member Retirement Board. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained accessing the MERS website at <a href="https://www.mersofmich.com">www.mersofmich.com</a>.

#### **Benefits Provided**

2015 Valuation	
Bridged Benefit: 2.25% Multiplier	
(80% max) Termination FAC; to	
1.50% Multiplier (80% max)	
06/30/2014	
60	
6 years	
55/25	
50/25	
55/15	
5 years	
,	
2.50% (Non-Compound)	
0%	
No	

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11 - Gnl GME: Closed to new

hires, linked to Division 14

2015 Valuation

Bridged Benefit: 2.25% Multiplier **Benefit Multiplier:** 

(80% max) Termination FAC; to

1.50% Multiplier (80% max)

**Bridged Benefit Date:** 06/30/2014

**Normal Retirement Age:** 60 **Vesting:** 6 years **Early Retirement (Unreduced):** 55/25 Early Retirement (Reduced): 50/25

55/15

**Final Average Compensation:** 5 years

**COLA for Current/Future** 

**Retirees:** 2.50% (Non-Compound)

**Employee Contributions:** 0% Act 88: No

13 - ACT hired after 7/1/09: Open Division, linked to Division

01

2015 Valuation

**Benefit Multiplier:** 1.50% Multiplier (no max)

**Normal Retirement Age: Vesting:** 6 years **Early Retirement (Unreduced):** 55/25 **Early Retirement (Reduced):** 50/25

55/15

**Final Average Compensation:** 5 years **Employee Contributions:** 0% Act 88: No

14 - General GME hired after 7/1/09: Open Division, linked to

**Early Retirement (Reduced):** 

Division 11,16

2015 Valuation

**Benefit Multiplier:** 1.50% Multiplier (no max)

**Normal Retirement Age:** 60 **Vesting:** 6 years **Early Retirement (Unreduced):** 

55/25 50/25

55/15 **Final Average Compensation:** 5 years **Employee Contributions:** 0% Act 88: No

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

16 - GME Tech/Clerical hired prior to 7/1/09: Closed to new hires, linked to Division 14

2015 Valuation

**Benefit Multiplier:** Bridged Benefit: 2.25% Multiplier

(80% max) Termination FAC; to

1.50% Multiplier (80% max)

**Bridged Benefit Date** 06/30/2013

Normal Retirement Age: 60 Vesting: 6 years

Early Retirement (Unreduced): 55/25 Early Retirement (Reduced): 50/25 55/15

**Final Average Compensation:** 5 years

COLA for Future Retirees 2.50% (Non-Compound)

**Employee Contributions:** 0% **Act 88:** No

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- -Benefits provided include plans with multipliers ranging from 1.5 to 2.25.
- -Vesting period is six years.
- -Normal retirement age is 60 with early retirement at 55 with 25 years of service.
- -Final average compensation is calculated based on 5 years.
- -There are no member contributions.

**Employees covered by benefits terms.** At the December 31, 2015 valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving	
benefits	125
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving	
benefits	26
Active employees	92
	243

**Contributions.** The employer is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by the MERS Retirement Board. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer may establish contribution rates to be paid by its covered employees.

Employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 were \$517,608 for the Admin & ACT hired prior to 7/1/2009 division, \$38,988 for the GME tech/clerical hired prior to 7/1/2009 division, \$421,844 for the General GME division, 7.22% of covered payroll for the General GME hired after 7/1/2009 division, and 8.72% of covered payroll for the ACT hired after 7/1/2009 division.

**Net Pension Liability.** The employer's Net Pension Liability was measured as of December 31, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an annual actuarial valuation as of that date.

**Actuarial assumptions.** The total pension liability in the December 31, 2015 annual actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 2.5%

Salary Increases: 3.75% in the long-term.

Investment rate of return: 7.75%, net investment expense, including inflation.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Although no specific price inflation assumptions are needed for the valuation, the 2.5% long-term wage inflation assumption would be consistent with a price inflation of 3%-4%.

Mortality rates used were based on the RP-2014 Group Annuity Mortality Table of a 50% Male and 50% Female blend.

The actuarial assumptions used in valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study of 2009-2013.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment and administrative expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to provide the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return of the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	57.5%	5.02%
Global Fixed Income	20.0%	2.18%
Real Assets	12.5%	4.23%
Diversifying Strategies	10.0%	6.56%

**Discount rate.** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 8.25% for 2015. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# **Changes in Net Pension Liability**

Calculating the Net Pension Liability				
<b>Changes in Net Pension</b>	<u> </u>			
Liability  Balances at 12/31/14	Total Pension Liability (a)	Increase (Decrease) Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)	
<b>Changes for the Year</b>	\$35,158,120	\$23,932,940	\$11,225,180	
Service Cost	424,511	-	424,511	
Interest on Total Pension Liability Differences between expected	2,817,148	-	2,817,148	
and actuarial experience	(185,726)	-	(185,726)	
Change in assumptions	1,782,587	-	1,782,587	
<b>Employer Contributions</b>	-	1,011,317	(1,011,317)	
Net investment Income (loss)	-	(343,944)	343,944	
Benefit payments, including employee refunds	(2,446,248)	(2,446,248)	-	
Administrative expense	-	(51,146)	51,146	
Net Changes	2,392,272	(1,830,021)	4,222,293	
Balances as of 12/31/15	\$37,550,392	\$22,102,919	\$15,447,473	

Sensitivity of the Net Position Liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Net Pension Liability of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 8.25%, as well as what the employer's Net Pension Liability would be using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7.25%) or 1% higher (9.25%) than the current rate.

		Current	1%
	1% Decrease 7.25%	Discount Rate (8.25%)	Increase 9.25%
Net Pension Liability at 12/31/15	\$15,447,473	\$15,447,473	\$15,447,473
Change in Net Pension Liability	4,039,223	-	(3,418,734)
Calculated NPL	\$19,486,696	\$15,447,473	\$12,287,739

Note: The current discount rate shown for GASB 68 purposes is higher than the MERS assumed rate of return. This is because for GASB purposes, the discount rate must be gross of administrative expenses, whereas for funding purposes, it is net of administrative expenses.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# <u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2016 the employer recognized pension expense of \$2,315,939. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		s Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Excess (Deficit) Investment Returns	\$	2,062,679	\$	-
Changes in assumptions Differences between expected and actual experience		1,336,940		134,294
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date*		522,248		-
Total	\$	3,921,867	\$	134,294

<sup>\*</sup> The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the Net Pension Liability for the year ending June 30, 2016.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	
2017	\$ 936,301
2018	936,301
2019	936,301
2020	451,422
	\$ 3,260,325

#### **MERS Traverse City Light and Power Plan**

**Plan Description.** The employer's defined benefit pension plan provides certain retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The employer participates in MERS of Michigan. MERS is an agent multiple-employer, statewide public employee pension plan established by the Michigan Legislature under Public Act 135 of 1945 and administered by a nine member Retirement Board. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained accessing the MERS website at www.mersofmich.com.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **Benefits Provided**

Λ1 _	Non	Union	_ Onen	Division
VI -	NON	Union	– Oben	Division

2015 Valuation

Benefit Multiplier: 2.25% Multiplier (80% max)

Normal Retirement Age: 60

Vesting: 10 years

Early Retirement (Unreduced): 55/25
Early Retirement (Reduced): 50/25

55/15

Final Average Compensation: 5 years

COLA for Current/Future Retirees: 2.50% (Non-Compound)

Member Contributions: 0% Act 88: No

# 10 - Union closed to new hires, linked

to Division 12

2015 Valuation

Benefit Multiplier: 2.25% Multiplier (80% max)

Normal Retirement Age: 60

Vesting: 6 years Early Retirement (Unreduced): 50/25 Early Retirement (Reduced): 55/15

Early Retirement (Reduced): 55/15 Final Average Compensation: 5 years

**COLA for Current/Future Retirees: 2.50% (Non-Compound)** 

Member Contributions: 0% Act 88: No

#### 12 - Union hired after 7/1/2012,

linked to Division 10

2015 Valuation

Benefit Multiplier: 1.5% Multiplier (no max)

Normal Retirement Age: 60

Vesting: 6 years

Early Retirement (Unreduced): 55/25 Early Retirement (Reduced): 55/15

50/25

Final Average Compensation: 5 years

COLA for Future Retirees: 2.50% (Non-Compound)

Member Contributions: 0% Act 88: No

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- -Benefits provided include plans with multipliers ranging from 1.5 to 2.25.
- -Vesting periods range from 6 to 10 years.
- -Normal retirement age is 60 with early retirement at 55 with 25 years of service.
- -Final average compensation is calculated based on 5 years.
- -There are no member contributions.

**Employees covered by benefits terms.** At the December 31, 2015 valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	55	
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	6	
Active employees	34	
	95	

**Contributions.** The employer is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by the MERS Retirement Board. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer may establish contribution rates to be paid by its covered employees.

Employer contributions range from 7.31 to 35.88% based on annual payroll for open divisions. One division that is closed to new employees has an annual employer contribution amount of \$73,328.

**Net Pension Liability.** The employer's Net Pension Liability was measured as of December 31, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an annual actuarial valuation as of that date.

**Actuarial assumptions.** The total pension liability in the December 31, 2015 annual actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 3%-4%

Salary Increases: 4.5% in the long-term (1%, 2%, and 3% for calendar years 2014, 2015, and 2016, respectively).

Investment rate of return: 7.75%, net investment expense, including inflation.

Although no specific price inflation assumptions are needed for the valuation, the 2.5% long-term wage inflation assumption would be consistent with a price inflation of 3%-4%.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Mortality rates used were based on the RP-2014 Group Annuity Mortality Table of a 50% Male 50% Female blend. For disabled retirees, the rates were based on the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree of a 50% Male and a 50% female blend.

The actuarial assumptions used in valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study in 2015 that covered the period from December 31, 2008 through December 31, 2013.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment and administrative expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to provide the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return of the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	57.5%	5.02%
Global Fixed Income	20.0%	2.18%
Real Assets	12.5%	4.23%
Diversifying Strategies	10.0%	6.56%

**Discount rate.** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 8.25% for 2015. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# **Changes in Net Pension Liability**

Service Cost 2 Interest on Total Pension Liability 2,1 Difference between expected and actual experience 3	nsion Pla	crease (Decrease) In Fiduciary Net	
Changes for the Year \$26,6  Service Cost 2  Interest on Total Pension Liability 2,1  Difference between expected and actual experience 3  Change in Assumptions 1,4		Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a)–(b)
Interest on Total Pension Liability 2,1 Difference between expected and actual experience 3 Change in Assumptions 1,4	85,121	\$16,226,402	\$10,458,719
Difference between expected and actual experience 3  Change in Assumptions 1,4	95,317	-	295,317
and actual experience 3 Change in Assumptions 1,4	42,936	-	2,142,936
	63,835	-	363,835
Employer Contributions	44,054	-	1,444,054
	-	858,331	(858,331)
Net investment Income	-	(234,339)	234,339
Benefit payments, including employee refunds (1,71	5,605)	(1,715,605)	-
Administrative expense	-	(34,767)	34,767
Other Changes	(761)	-	(761)
	29,776	(1,126,380)	3,656,156
Balances as of 12/31/15 \$29,2	14,897	\$15,100,022	\$14,114,875

Sensitivity of the Net Position Liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Net Pension Liability of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 8.25%, as well as what the employer's Net Pension Liability would be using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7.25%) or 1% higher (9.25%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease 7.25%	Current Discount Rate (8.25%)	1%Increase 9.25%
Net Pension Liability at 12/31/15	\$14,114,875	\$ 14,114,875	\$14,114,875
Change in Net Pension Liability (NPL)	3,370,807	-	(2,838,760)
Calculated NPL	\$17,485,682	14,114,875	\$11,276,115

Note: The current discount rate shown for GASB 68 purposes is higher than the MERS assumed rate of return. This is because for GASB purposes, the discount rate must be gross of administrative expenses, whereas for funding purposes, it is net of administrative expenses.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# <u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2016 the employer recognized pension expense of \$1,930,353. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred of Reso	
Excess (Deficit) Investment Returns	\$ 1,404,390	\$	-
Changes in Experience	\$ 272,876	\$	-
Changes in Assumptions	\$ 1,083,036	\$	-
Contributions subsequent to			
the measurement date*	\$ 440,627	\$	-
Total	\$ 3,200,929	\$	-

<sup>\*</sup> The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the Net Pension Liability for the year ending 2016.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year 1	

2017	\$ 817,688	
2018	817.688	
2019	817,688	
2020	307,238	
	\$2,760,302	

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **Deferred Compensation Plans**

#### **Downtown Development Authority Component Unit**

The Downtown Development Authority sponsors the Traverse City Downtown Development Authority Deferred Compensation Plan created in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The administrator of the plan is ICMA Retirement Corporation. The plan is available to all employees. Participants may contribute any amount allowed by the plan and the employer will match employee contributions up to 7% percent of covered payroll based on the employee's employment contract. Plan provision and contribution requirements can only be amended by authorization of the Board of Directors. In the current year, the Downtown Development Authority contributed \$29,686 and the employees contributed \$24,353.

#### Primary Government and Light and Power Component Unit

The City and Traverse City Light and Power participated in the City's Deferred Compensation Plan created in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The City has ICMA Retirement Corporation and Mass Mutual as administrators for the Plan. Participants may contribute zero to six percent of covered payroll based on the employee's employment or labor union contract. Plan provision and contribution requirements can only be amended by authorization of the City Commission. In the current fiscal year, the employer contribution to the plan was \$537,579 and the employees contributed \$606,609. Of these amounts Traverse City Light and Power contributed \$150,104 and their employees contributed \$189,771.

#### E. Postemployment health benefits

The City has two postemployment health benefit plans, one covering Police and Fire Department personnel and the other covering all other employees of the City and the Light and Power Component Unit employees.

#### Act 345 Retiree Health Insurance Plan

#### **Description of benefits**

The Act 345 Retiree Health Insurance Plan (the "Act 345 RHIP") is a single-employer defined benefit health care plan administered by the City. The Act 345 RHIP provides medical insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Public Act 345 of the State of Michigan is the plan document that governs the plan but may be amended by the City. The plan is accounted for in the Act 345 Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fiduciary Fund. The Act 345 RHIP does not issue a stand alone financial report. Administrative costs are paid by the plan through employer contributions.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## **Funding Policy**

The Police Sergeants' and Officers' collective bargaining units limit the employer contribution to the cost of the January 1, 1991 premium increased five percent per year, compounded thereafter. The Police Captains' collective bargaining unit limits the employer contribution to the cost of the January 1, 1990 premium increased five percent per year, compounded thereafter. The Firefighters' collective bargaining unit provides benefits for retirees previous to July 1, 1994 as described in their collective bargaining agreement in effect on the date of their retirement. Firefighters who retire after July 1, 1995 receive a capped benefit as described in the July 1, 1999 collective bargaining agreement.

For the fiscal year end June 30, 2016, the City contributed \$384,646 to fund the benefits. The balance of the Act 345 Retiree Health Insurance Fund to be used for future benefits is \$3,352,924 as of June 30, 2016.

#### **Funding Progress**

The annual OPEB costs, the percentage contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB asset for the current year were as follows:

Annual required contribution Interest on net OPEB obligation	\$ 384,646
Adjustment to annual required contribution	
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	384,646
Contributions made	384,646
Increase in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	<u>\$</u>

#### **Three-year Trend Information**

Fiscal Year <u>Ending</u>	Annual OPEB <u>Cost (AOC)</u>	Percentage of AOC <u>Contributed</u>	Net OPEB Obligation
6/30/14	\$ 358,555	100%	-
6/30/15	368,876	100%	-
6/30/16	384,646	100%	-

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# **Schedule of Funding Progress**

	Actuarial	<b>Actuarial Accrue</b>		UAAL as a		
Actuarial	Value of	Liability (AAL)	) AAL	Funded	Covered	Percentage of
Valuation	Assets	Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	<b>Covered Payroll</b>
Date	(a)	<u>(b)</u>	(b-a)	<u>(a/b)</u>	(c)	$((\mathbf{b}-\mathbf{a})/\mathbf{c})$
6/30/14	\$ 3,698,682	\$ 7,153,649	\$3,454,967	51.7%	\$ 3,262,658	3 105.9%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and the plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculation.

In the June 30, 2014, actuarial valuation, the individual entry-age actuarial cost method, and an amortization period of 20 years were utilized. The actuarial assumptions included a 7.5% rate of investment return and a payroll growth rate for open divisions assumed to be between 4.0 to 7.0%.

Additional required supplementary information regarding other postemployment health benefits plan is reported in the supplemental information portion of the financial statements. The required schedule of funding progress immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities of benefits.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **Retiree Health Insurance Plan**

#### **Description of Benefits**

The Retiree Health Insurance Plan (the "RHIP") is a single-employer defined benefit health care plan administered by the City. The RHIP provides medical insurance benefits to general municipal eligible retirees and their spouses.

The plan is accounted for in the Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund and the Retiree Health Insurance Agency Fund.

The RHIP does not issue a stand alone financial report. Administrative costs are paid by the plan through employer contributions.

The City approved a resolution April 16, 2007, which allows the City to establish a retiree health funding vehicle, a trust fund, under the MERS system.

#### **Funding Policy**

The City non-union employees are eligible at the time of retirement for health insurance premiums paid for three years (only the retiree). The Teamsters municipal, clerical, and technical employees are eligible at the time of retirement if they have ten years of service for premium payments of \$225 per month. The Traverse City Light and Power component unit employees are eligible at time of retirement for payment of the retiree's health insurance premium until they reach the age of Medicare eligibility and at that time premiums for complementary coverage.

The City contribution was the annual required contribution in addition to the pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For the current year, the annual required contribution for the City and Traverse City Light and Power was \$258,717. Of this amount, the City's portion of the annual required contribution was \$22,957 and Traverse City Light and Power's portion of the annual required contribution was \$235,760. The actual employer contribution for the City was \$26,617 and \$235,760 for Traverse City Light and Power

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# **Funding Progress**

The annual OPEB costs, the percentage contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB asset for the current year were as follows:

# **Primary government**

Annual required contribution Interest on net OPEB asset Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$ 22,947 - -
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	22,947
Contributions made	64,370
Increase in net OPEB asset Net OPEB asset, beginning of year Net OPEB asset, end of year	41,413 379,748 \$ 421,161
Component unit	
Annual required contribution Interest on net OPEB asset Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$ 264,231
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	264,231
Contributions made	497,462
Increase in net OPEB asset Net OPEB asset, beginning of year Net OPEB asset, end of year	233,231 1,149,539 \$ 1,382,770

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **Trend Information**

Fiscal Year <u>Ending</u>	Annual OPEB <u>Cost (AOC</u> )	Percentage of AOC <u>Contributed</u>	Net OPEB Obligation	
6/30/14	\$ 265,649	100%	\$	_
6/30/15	265,651	100%	\$	-
6/30/16	287,178	100%	\$	-

#### **Schedule of Funding Progress**

	Actuarial	<b>Actuarial Accrue</b>	d Unfunded		UAAL as a	
Actuarial	Value of	Liability (AAL)	$\mathbf{AAL}$	Funded	Covered	Percentage of
Valuation	Assets	Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Covered Payroll
<b>Date</b>	<u>(a)</u>	<u>(b)</u>	(b-a)	<u>(a/b)</u>	(c)	<u>((b-a)/c)</u>
12/31/15	\$ 4.205.338	\$ 6,669,514	\$ 2,464,176	63%	not availab	le

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare cost trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The City is currently funding the plan by paying the current insurance premiums due and the annual required contribution.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and the plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculation.

In the December 31, 2015, actuarial valuation, the individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method, level dollar of payroll if the divisions are open to new hires and as a level dollar if the divisions are closed to new hires, and an amortization period of 30 years were utilized. The actuarial assumptions included an 8% rate of investment return.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Additional required supplementary information regarding other postemployment health benefits plan is reported in the supplemental information portion of the financial statements. The required schedule of funding progress immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities of benefits.

#### F. Entitlement commitment - power supply purchase Traverse City Light and Power

In September 2010, the Department entered into two 5-year agreements with the Lansing Board of Water & Light ("LBWL") to commence January 1, 2011. The purchase power agreement allows for the purchase of a minimum of 10 megawatts of electric energy up to a maximum of 45 megawatts to replace its deficient energy needs from the expired agreement with MPPA power pool. The estimated cost for the 5-year term is \$40,000,000. The energy service agency agreement provides for LBWL to act as the Department's agent with MISO. LBWL will enter into third party contracts to purchase energy and sell surplus energy into the MISO daily and hourly markets. The estimated cost for the 5-year term is \$375,000. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Department recognized expenses totaling \$3,012,175.

The Department, along with other Michigan municipal utilities, is a member of the MPPA. The agency was formed to acquire interest in certain electric generating plants and related transmission lines to service its members. MPPA has acquired a 4.8% undivided interest in the Consumers Energy Campbell 3 plant, an 18.6% undivided interest in the Detroit Edison Belle River project, and 100% undivided interest in the Kalkaska Combustion Turbine project.

In 1983, the Department entered into a 35-year power supply and project support contract with MPPA. Under the agreement, the Department will purchase 26.35% of the energy generated by MPPA's 4.8% interest in the Campbell 3 plant and 4.53% of the energy generated by MPPA's 18.6% interest in the Belle River plant. In 2002, the Department entered into a 25year power supply and project support contract with MPPA. Under the agreement, the Department will purchase 75.9% of the energy generated by MPPA's 100% interest in the Kalkaska Combustion Turbine. In 2009, the Department entered into a power supply contract with MPPA. Under the agreement, the Department will purchase 8.13% of the energy generated in the MPPA's renewable energy contract with Grainger Electric of Michigan, LLC. In 2011, the Department entered into a power supply contract with MPPA. Under the agreement, the Department will purchase 8.13% of the energy generated in the MPPA's renewable energy contract with Northern American Natural Resources of Michigan. In 2015, the Department entered into an Energy Services Agreement with MPPA for the objective of accessing third party marketers in MISO for the purpose of reducing exposure to MISO market during volatile seasons. This is accomplished through MPPA soliciting bids and subsequently entering into contracts on behalf of TCL&P for firm priced energy supply during more volatile months.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2016, Traverse City Light and Power recognized expenses totaling \$16,647,070 to purchase power under the terms of all contracts with MPPA. The price of the power was calculated on a basis, as specified in the contracts, to enable MPPA to recover its production, transmission, and debt service costs.

Under the terms of the contracts, the Department must make minimum annual payments to cover their share of annual debt service requirements and fixed operation costs of the Campbell 3, Belle River, and Combustion Turbine projects (based on the percentage of power purchased). Future operating costs are estimated based on 2015 costs adjusted for inflation. The total estimated future operating costs, which do not include the annual debt payments, are as follows:

Year Ended	Operating
December 31,	Costs
2017	\$ 7,932,029
2018	8,169,990
2019	6,062,606
2020	6,244,484
2021	6,431,849
2022-2026	20,533,196
2027	3,741,742
	\$59,115,896

The estimated total annual debt payments (assuming no early calls or refinancing) are as follows:

Year Ended			
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 3,160,421	\$ 1,020,444	\$ 4,180,865
2018	3,300,335	880,189	4,180,524
2019	2,197,513	739,091	2,936,604
2020	2,276,835	656,765	2,933,600
2021	2,366,383	571,050	2,937,433
2022-2026	8,610,103	1,617,600	10,227,703
2027	1,738,110	86,906	1,825,016
	\$23,649,700	\$5,572,045	\$29,221,745

The MPPA and its member utilities were over-charged on their power sales contract agreements by Detroit Edison. Because of this, MPPA and the member utilities have established a trust fund ("The Municipal Competitive Trust"). Specific policies have been established by each member regarding the use of these funds. The Department's share of this trust fund was \$6,139 as of June 30, 2016.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In December 2009, the Department entered into a 20-year purchase power agreement with Heritage Stoney Corners Wind Farm I, LLC to purchase up to 10 megawatts of electric energy and all associated renewable energy credits. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Department recognized expenses totaling \$2,940,041.

In December 2014, the Department entered into a 20-year purchase power agreement with options to terminate on the 10<sup>th</sup> and 15<sup>th</sup> anniversary dates. The Agreement is with Heritage Sustainable Energy, LLC to purchase up to .6 MW of electric energy. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Department recognized expenses totaling \$35,056.

## **G.** Related party transactions

#### **Component unit**

The Downtown Development Authority ("DDA") along with a developer has committed to pay the principal and interest on Hardy Parking Deck bonds. A partner of the developer who made the commitment along with the DDA is a board member.

#### H. Subsequent events

#### **Component units**

On August 29, 2016, the Brownfield Redevelopment Authority sent a commitment letter to make the annual reimbursement to the Authority's TIF funds for \$114,000 for the Michigan Economic Growth Authority eligible expenses associated with the Larry C. Hardy parking deck under the Radio Center Brownfield Plan (TIF97).

On September 30, 2016, the Authority's Board of Directors authorized the Executive Director to enter into a contract with the Downtown Traverse City Association through August 31, 2017, with an annual compensation of \$62,670. The Authority provides office space and administrative services to the Downtown Traverse City Association.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### I. Designations of net position

#### **Primary government**

The following are designations of unrestricted net position established by management.

	 Automobile Parking System Fund	v	Vastewater Fund	 Water Fund	 Internal Service Fund
Emergencies Capital Expenditures Future Maintenance	\$ 25,492 513,750 1,700,000	\$	2,421,060	\$ 49,724 2,290,000	\$ 2,096,721
Total	\$ 2,239,242	\$	2,421,060	\$ 2,339,724	\$ 2,096,721

#### **Component unit**

The following are designations of unrestricted net position established by Light and Power board and City Charter.

Emergencies	\$ 100,056
Minimum Cash Reserves	9,700,000
Total	\$ 9,800,056

#### J. Contingent liability

#### **Primary government - Boot Lake Landfill**

In 2005 the City received a demand letter from the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality ("MDEQ") demanding that the City undertake response activities under Part 201, Section 118 at a site that was a City landfill from 1963 to 1967. The City and the MDEQ have reached an agreement with respect to the necessary investigatory actions that need to be taken at the site in order to determine what clean up, if any, is necessary at the site. If the investigation finds that clean up at the site is necessary, the City may be responsible for the clean up. City investigations have revealed that the site is not impacting Boardman Lake. The MDEQ has indicated some further investigation would be necessary should the site be redeveloped, but at this time, the MDEQ has not requested the City perform any active clean up.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## **General contingencies**

In the normal course of its operations, the City has become a party in various legal actions. The City has also become a party in various property tax appeals. Management of the City is of the opinion that the outcome of such actions will not have a material effect on the financial position of the City. Amounts reserved for losses, if any, related to related to legal actions are undetermined an have not been included as a liability in the financial statements.

#### **K. GASB Pronouncements**

In June 2015, the GASB issued two new standards addressing accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB). GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans other than Pension Plans, addressed reporting by OPEB plans, whereas GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, addressed accounting and reporting by employer governments that provide OPEB benefits to their employees. Along with the currently required statement of fiduciary net position and statement of changes in fiduciary net position, OPEB plans will now be required to include in the financial statement more extensive note disclosures and required supplemental information related to the measurement of the OPEB liabilities for which assets have been accumulated. In addition, the City will, after, adoption of GASB Statement No. 75, recognize on the face of the financial statements its net OPEB liability. The City is currently evaluating the impact of these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted. GASB Statement No. 74 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016, whereas GASB Statement No. 75 is effective one year later.

\* \* \* \* \*

# **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

# Required Supplementary Information Act 345 Retirement System

# Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Ultimately 10 fiscal years will be displayed - which will be built prospectively from 2014.

Fiscal year ending June 30,	2014	2015	2016	
T. (10. 1. 1.11)				
Total Pension Liability	402.052	A	A (50.540	
Service Cost	\$ 492,852	\$ 644,925	\$ 678,748	
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	2,897,030	2,993,916	3,036,795	
Benefit changes	=	-	=	
Difference between expected and actual		(902 207)	(272 022)	
experience of the Total Pension Liability Assumption changes	-	(802,207)	(372,033)	
Benefits paid and refunds	(2.006.654)	(2.251.552)	(2.212.077)	
Net change in Total Pension Liability	(2,096,654) 1,293,228	(2,251,552) 585,082	(2,312,077) 1,031,433	
Net change in Total Fension Liability	1,293,228	363,062	1,031,433	
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	39,428,961	40,722,189	41,307,271	
Total Pension Liability- Ending (a)	\$ 40,722,189	\$ 41,307,271	\$ 42,338,704	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Employer contributions	\$ 1,639,480	\$ 1,683,306	\$ 1,810,565	
Employee contributions	75,526	76,863	58,510	
Pension plan net investment income	3,883,457	463,881	498,918	
Benefit payments and refunds	(2,096,654)	(2,251,552)	(2,312,077)	
Pension plan administrative expense	(10,567)	(16,523)	(15,450)	
Other	(114,710)		159	
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	3,376,532	(44,025)	40,625	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	22,910,305	26,286,837	26,242,812	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 26,286,837	\$ 26,242,812	\$ 26,283,437	
Tian Fiduciary Net I osition - Ending (b)	\$ 20,280,837	\$ 20,242,612	\$ 20,265,457	
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a)-(b)	\$ 14,435,352	\$ 15,064,459	\$ 16,055,267	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of				
Total Pension Liability	64.55%	63.53%	62.08%	
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 3,018,448	\$ 3,384,682	\$ 3,443,789	
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of				
Covered Employee Payroll	478.24%	445.08%	466.21%	

#### Required Supplementary Information Act 345 Retirement System Schedule of Contributions

Ultimately 10 fiscal years will be displayed - which will be built prospectively from 2014.

FY Ending June 30,	Γ	Actuarially Determined ontribution	C	Actual Contribution Contribution Deficiency Contribution (Excess)		 Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll	
2014	\$	1,639,480	\$	1,639,480	\$	-	\$ 3,018,448	54.32%
2015		1,683,306		1,683,306		-	3,384,682	49.73%
2016		1,760,565		1,810,565		(50,000)	3,443,789	52.57%

#### **Notes to Schedule of Contributions**

Valuation Date: Actuarially determined contribution amounts are calculated as of June 30 twelve months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported

#### Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry-Age
Amortization Method Level Percent
Remaining Amortization Period 18 year closed

Asset Valuation Method 4 Year Smoothed Market

Inflation 4%

Salary Increase 4% to 7%

Investment Rate of Return 7.5 % (net of expenses)

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition

Mortality RP-2000 Male set back one year and Female (unadjusted) Mortality Table

projected 20 years with Scale AA

#### Required Supplementary Information Act 345 Retirement System Schedule of Investment Returns

Ultimately 10 fiscal years will be displayed - which will be built prospectively from 2014.

FY Ending	Annual
June 30,	Return *
2014	17.06%
2015	1.77%
2016	1.92%

<sup>\*</sup> Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses

#### Required Supplementary Information Act 345 Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund Schedule of Funding Progress

The below contributions are for health care benefits only and do not include amounts contributed for pension. Actuarial valuations began being prepared every other year beginning in 2010.

Actuarial valuation date	Actuarial lue of Assets (a)	Lia	narial Accrued ability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (b - a)	Funded Ratio (a / b)	 Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered payroll ((b - a) / c)
6/30/2004	\$ 2,645,396	\$	8,091,713	\$ 5,446,317	32.7%	\$ 2,671,393	203.9%
6/30/2005	2,723,028		8,218,900	5,495,872	33.1	3,139,509	175.1
6/30/2006	2,977,346		8,643,119	5,665,773	34.4	3,509,371	161.5
6/30/2007	3,444,580		8,402,945	4,958,365	41.0	3,234,852	153.3
6/30/2008	3,655,194		6,710,657	3,055,463	54.5	3,173,479	96.3
6/30/2009	3,700,439		6,835,257	3,134,818	54.1	3,348,677	93.6
6/30/2010	3,774,317		7,115,866	3,341,549	53.0	3,308,083	101.0
6/30/2012	3,724,352		6,835,930	3,111,578	54.5	3,018,448	103.1
6/30/2014	3,698,682		7,153,649	3,454,967	51.7	3,262,658	105.9

#### SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Year Ended June 30	Annual Required Contribution	Percentage Contributed			
2006	313,977	100			
2007	408,471	100			
2008	373,161	100			
2009	279,931	100			
2010	331,647	100			
2011	340,273	100			
2012	385,164	100			
2013	417,585	100			
2014	358,555	100			
2015	384,646	100			
2016	385,866	100			

#### SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the date indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation date	June 30, 2014					
Actuarial cost method	Individual entry-age actuarial cost method					
Amortization method	Level percent					
Remaining amortization period	25 years closed					
Asset valuation method	4 years smoothed market					
Actuarial assumptions						
Investment rate of return	7.50%					
Projected salary increases	4.0-7.0%					
Price inflation	3.00%					

# Required Supplementary Information MERS Pension Plan

## Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Ultimately 10 years will be displayed - which will be built prospectively from 2014.

	December 31,			
	2014	2015		
Total Pension Liability				
Service Cost	\$ 398,725	\$ 424,511		
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	2,753,614	2,817,148		
Benefit changes	-	-		
Difference between expected and actual		(105.50.6)		
experience of the Total Pension Liability	-	(185,726)		
Assumption changes	-	1,782,587		
Benefits paid and refunds	(2,343,998)	(2,446,248)		
Net change in Total Pension Liability	808,341	2,392,272		
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	34,349,779	35,158,120		
Total Pension Liability- Ending (a)	\$ 35,158,120	\$ 37,550,392		
	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	<del>+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + </del>		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Employer contributions	\$ 1,033,594	\$ 1,011,317		
Employee contributions	-	-		
Pension plan net investment income	1,480,312	(343,945)		
Benefit payments and refunds	(2,343,998)	(2,446,248)		
Pension plan administrative expense	(54,129)	(51,145)		
Other	-	-		
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	115,779	(1,830,021)		
Dian Eidusiam, Not Desition Designing	22 917 161	22 022 040		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 23,932,940	\$ 22,102,919		
Tian Fiduciary Net I osition - Ending (b)	\$ 23,932,940	\$ 22,102,919		
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a)-(b)	\$ 11,225,180	\$ 15,447,473		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of				
Total Pension Liability	68.07%	58.86%		
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 5,254,135	\$ 5,597,405		
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of				
Covered Employee Payroll	213.64%	275.98%		

#### Required Supplementary Information MERS Pension Plan Schedule of Contributions

Ultimately 10 fiscal years will be displayed - which will be built prospectively from 2015

Fiscal year end June 30,	D	Actuarially Determined Contribution	C	Actual ontribution	•		Deficiency Covered		
2015	\$	975,124	\$	975,124	\$	-	\$	5,417,193	18.00%
2016		1.041.766		1.041.766		_		5,194,176	20.06%

Notes to schedule
Actuarial cost method
Amortization method
Remaining amortization period
Asset valuation method
Inflation
Salary increases
Investment rate of return
Retirrment age
Mortality

Entry Age
Level percentage of payroll, open
23 years
10 year smoothed
2.5%
3.75
7.75%
Varies depending on plan adoption
50% female/50% male 1994 group
annual mortality table

#### TRAVERSE CITY LIGHT AND POWER

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MERS DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Ultimately 10 fiscal years will be displayed - which will be built prospectively from 2014	December 31,				
		2014		2015	
Total pension liability Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actuarial experience	\$	313,020 2,083,781	\$	295,317 2,142,935 363,835	
Changes in assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds Other changes		(1,626,244)		1,444,054 (1,715,604) (759)	
Net change in total pension liability		770,557		2,529,778	
Total pension liability, beginning of		25,914,564		26,685,121	
Total pension liability, end of yea		26,685,121		29,214,899	
Plan fiduciary net positio Contribution - employer Net investment income Administrative expenses Benefit payments, including refunds		773,230 1,000,478 (36,578) (1,626,244)		858,331 (234,339) (34,767) (1,715,604)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		110,886		(1,126,379)	
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning of		16,115,516		16,226,402	
Plan fiduciary net position, end of yea		16,226,402		15,100,023	
Net pension liability	\$	10,458,719	\$	14,114,876	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percent of total pension liability		60.81%		51.69%	
Covered employee payroll	\$	2,862,491	\$	2,736,729	
Net pension liability as a percent of covered employee payroll		365.37%		515.76%	

#### TRAVERSE CITY LIGHT AND POWER

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MERS DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Ultimately 10 fiscal years will be displayed - which will be built prospectively from 2015		
	2015	2016
Actuarially determined contribut	 	
Contribution in relation to the actuari	\$ 770,572	\$ 891,939
determined contribution	(770,572)	(891,939)
Contribution deficiency (exce	-	 
Covered employee payro	\$ 2,880,960	\$ 2,866,124
Contribution as a percentage of covere employee payro	26.75%	31.12%

Notes to schedule

Actuarial cost metho Amortization metho

Remaining amortization peri

Asset valuation metho

Inflatio

Salary increase

Investment rate of retui

Retirrment ag Mortality

Entry Ago

Level percentage of payroll, ope

25 years

5 year smoothed (10 yr smoothed in 201-2.5% (3.5% 2014)

3.75% to 14.5% (4.50% in 2014) 7.75% (8.25% in 2014)

Varies depending on plan adoptic

RP-2014 mortality tables of a 50% Male and 50% Female ble (50% female/50% male 1994 group annual mortality table 20

#### Required Supplementary Information MERS Retiree Health Funding Vehicle Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial valuation date	Actuarial llue of Assets (a)	Lia	uarial Accrued ability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (b - a)	Funded Ratio (a / b)		Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered payroll ((b - a) / c)
12/31/2006	\$ 1,079,242	\$	4,622,001	\$ 3,542,759	23.4%	\$	7,921,231	44.7%
12/31/2008	1,488,166		5,055,539	3,567,373	29.4		8,023,611	44.5
12/31/2010	2,531,410		5,381,283	2,849,873	47.0		8,152,207	35.0
12/31/2013	3,200,892		5,707,204	2,506,312	56.1		7,773,357	32.2
12/31/2015	4,205,338		6,669,513	2,464,175	63.1	not a	vailable	not available

#### SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Year ended/valuation June 30		Annual Required ontribution	Percentage Contributed			
2000 / 2007	•	274.606	1000/			
2008 / 2007	\$	274,606	100%			
2009 / 2008		286,964	100			
2010 / 2009		303,667	100			
2011 / 2010		317,334	100			
2012 / 2011		303,667	100			
2013 / 2012		284,110	100			
2014 / 2013		265,649	100			
2015 / 2014		265,651	100			
2016 / 2015		258,717	100			

#### SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the date indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Measurement date	December 31, 2015
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level dollar
Remaining amortization period	30 years
Asset valuation method	Market Value
Actuarial assumptions	
Investment rate of return	8.00%
Projected salary increases	5.00%

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Original Final Budget Budget		Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	-	Duuget		Buuget	 Actual		(egative)
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$	8,463,000	\$	8,463,000	\$ 8,559,711	\$	96,711
Licenses and permits		284,300		284,300	297,926		13,626
Federal sources		10,000		10,000	13,039		3,039
State sources		1,381,000		1,381,000	1,326,587		(54,413)
Local sources		1,819,400		1,819,400	1,818,187		(1,213)
Charges for services		547,100		564,100	597,268		33,168
Fines and forfeits		14,000		14,000	8,027		(5,973)
Contributions		183,000		224,000	167,794		(56,206)
Reimbursements		707,000		755,000	669,705		(85,295)
Interest income		47,000		47,000	32,630		(14,370)
Other revenue		439,500		706,500	 1,471,943		765,443
Total revenues		13,895,300		14,268,300	 14,962,817		694,517
Expenditures							
General government		3,361,200		3,511,200	3,267,386		243,814
Public safety		6,354,300		6,399,300	6,239,109		160,191
Public works		1,345,000		1,353,000	1,527,271		(174,271)
Recreation and culture		2,211,600		2,409,600	 2,281,298		128,302
Total expenditures		13,272,100		13,673,100	 13,315,064		358,036
Excess of revenue over							
expenditures		623,200		595,200	 1,647,753		1,052,553
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in		1,292,000		1,352,000	1,491,443		139,443
Transfers out		(2,697,500)		(2,784,500)	 (2,514,602)		269,898
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,405,500)		(1,432,500)	 (1,023,159)		409,341
Net change in fund balance		(782,300)		(837,300)	624,594		1,461,894
Fund balance, beginning of year		6,124,045		6,124,045	 6,124,045		_
Fund balance, end of year	\$	5,341,745	\$	5,286,745	\$ 6,748,639	\$	1,461,894

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual Major Streets Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues									
State sources	\$	1,095,300	\$	1,175,300	\$	1,221,961	\$	46,661	
Interest income		700		700		40	-	(660)	
Total revenues		1,096,000		1,176,000		1,222,001		46,001	
Expenditures									
Public works									
Personnel		485,000		485,000		430,403		54,597	
Commodities		140,000		140,000		126,485		13,515	
Contractual services		125,000		175,000		207,038		(32,038)	
Other charges	-	534,000	-	534,000		471,460	-	62,540	
Total expenditures		1,284,000		1,334,000		1,235,386		98,614	
(Deficiency) of revenue									
over expenditures		(188,000)		(158,000)		(13,385)		144,615	
Other financing sources (uses)									
Transfers in		134,000		104,000		64,943		(39,057)	
Transfers out		-		-		-			
Total other financing sources (uses)		134,000		104,000		64,943		(39,057)	
Net change in fund balance		(54,000)		(54,000)		51,558		105,558	
Fund balance, beginning of year		192,924		192,924		192,924			
Fund balance, end of year	\$	138,924	\$	138,924	\$	244,482	\$	105,558	

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual Local Streets Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues								
State sources	\$	342,000	\$	475,000	\$	534,023	\$	59,023
Expenditures Public works								
Personnel		583,000		583,000		517,956		65,044
Contractual services		50,000		50,000		31,538		18,462
Commodities		86,000		86,000		51,781		34,219
Other charges		590,000		590,000		536,151		53,849
Total expenditures		1,309,000		1,309,000		1,137,426		171,574
(Deficiency) of revenue over expenditures		(967,000)		(834,000)		(603,403)		230,597
Other financing sources (uses) Transfer in		967,000		834,000		603,403		(230,597)
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-		-
Fund balance, beginning of year								
Fund balance, end of year	\$		\$		\$		\$	_

# NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

#### I. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

## A. Budgetary information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general, special revenue, debt service, capital project, permanent, enterprise, and internal service funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

Not earlier than the third Monday in May and not later than the first Monday in June of each year the City Commission shall, by resolution, adopt the budget for the next fiscal year.

The budget document presents information by fund, function, department, and line items. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing board is the function level, which is the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations. The City Commission may transfer any unencumbered appropriation balance or any portion thereof from one department, fund, or agency to another.

#### B. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2016, actual expenditures in the General Fund Human Resources, City Attorney and Street, Alleys Sidewalks Departments exceed final appropriations by \$1,092, \$1,307, and \$182,333, respectively. These over expenditures were funded either by greater than anticipated revenues.

# COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

#### CITY OF TRAVERSE CIT Schedule of GASB 54 Consolidation Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actua For the Year Ended June 30, 201

		Gener	al Fund		Budget Stabilization					
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues										
Property taxes	\$ 8,463,000	\$ 8,463,000	\$ 8,559,711	\$ 96,711	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Licenses and permits	284,300	284,300	297,926	13,626	-	-	-	-		
Federal sources	10,000	10,000	13,039	3,039	-	-	-	-		
State sources	1,381,000	1,381,000	1,326,587	(54,413)	-	-	-	-		
Local sources	1,799,000	1,799,000	1,798,832	(168)	-	-	-	-		
Charges for services	362,600	362,600	346,864	(15,736)	-	-	-	-		
Fines and forfeits	14,000	14,000	8,027	(5,973)	-	-	-	-		
Contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Reimbursements	700,000	748,000	655,570	(92,430)	-	-	-	-		
Interest income	20,000	20,000	10,869	(9,131)	11,500	11,500	20,983	9,483		
Other revenue	439,500	706,500	1,468,093	761,593	. <u> </u>		<u> </u>			
Total revenues	13,473,400	13,788,400	14,485,518	697,118	11,500	11,500	20,983	9,483		
Expenditures										
General government	3,346,200	3,471,200	3,248,883	222,317	_	-	_	_		
Public safety	6,269,000	6,314,000	6,233,256	80,744	_	-	_	_		
Public works	1,345,000	1,353,000	1,527,271	(174,271)	_	-	_	_		
Recreation and culture	1,911,100	1,961,100	1,855,507	105,593						
Total expenditures	12,871,300	13,099,300	12,864,917	234,383						
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over										
expenditures	602,100	689,100	1,620,601	931,501	11,500	11,500	20,983	9,483		
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfers in	1,037,000	1,037,000	1,176,443	139,443	-	-	-	-		
Transfers out	(2,686,000)	(2,773,000)	(2,503,346)	269,654	(11,500)	(11,500)	(11,256)	244		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,649,000)	(1,736,000)	(1,326,903)	409,097	(11,500)	(11,500)	(11,256)	244		
Net change in fund balance	(1,046,900)	(1,046,900)	293,698	1,340,598	-	-	9,727	9,727		
Fund balance, beginning of year	2,886,320	2,886,320	2,886,320		757,334	757,334	757,334			
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 1,839,420	\$ 1,839,420	\$ 3,180,018	\$ 1,340,598	\$ 757,334	\$ 757,334	\$ 767,061	\$ 9,727		

		Haz	mat		Heritage Center Museum						
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Revenues											
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Federal sources	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
State sources	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Local sources	20,400	20,400	19,355	(1,045)	-	-	-	-			
Charges for services	-	-	6,633	6,633	31,000	31,000	31,953	953			
Fines and forfeits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Reimbursements	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,827	9,827			
Interest income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Other revenue			3,850	3,850							
Total revenues	20,400	20,400	29,838	9,438	31,000	31,000	41,780	10,780			
Expenditures General government Public safety Public works Recreation and culture	24,300 - 	24,300	5,593	18,707 - -	36,000	- - - 96,000	- - - 75,923	- - - 20,077			
Total expenditures	24,300	24,300	5,593	18,707	36,000	96,000	75,923	20,077			
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	(3,900)	(3,900)	24,245	28,145	(5,000)	(65,000)	(34,143)	30,857			
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers out	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>			5,000	65,000	65,000				
Total other financing sources (uses)					5,000	65,000	65,000				
Net change in fund balance	(3,900)	(3,900)	24,245	28,145	-	-	30,857	30,857			
Fund balance, beginning of year	50,420	50,420	50,420		(33,388)	(33,388)	(33,388)				
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 46,520	\$ 46,520	\$ 74,665	\$ 28,145	\$ (33,388)	\$ (33,388)	\$ (2,531)	\$ 30,857			

			Che	rry Ca	pital Cable		Coast Guard Committee							
	Orig Bud		Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Revenues														
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	- \$	-	\$ -	\$ -			
Licenses and permits		-		-	-	-		-	-	-	-			
Federal sources		-		-	-	-		-	-	-	-			
State sources		-		-	-	-		-	-	-	-			
Local sources		-		-	-	-		-	-	-	-			
Charges for services		-		-	-	-		-	-	-	-			
Fines and forfeits		-		-	-	-		-	-	-	-			
Contributions		-		-	-	-	61,00	0	61,000	15,361	(45,639)			
Reimbursements		-		-	-	-		-	-	-	-			
Interest income		-		-	-	-		-	-	-	-			
Other revenue		-												
Total revenues		-				<u> </u>	61,00	0	61,000	15,361	(45,639)			
Expenditures														
General government		_		_	_	_		_	_	_	_			
Public safety		_		_	_	_	61,00	0	61,000	260	60,740			
Public works		_		_	_	-	01,00	-	-	-	-			
Recreation and culture		_		_	_	-		_	_	_	_			
Total expenditures	-	-	-				61,00	0	61,000	260	60,740			
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over														
expenditures		_		_	_	-		-	_	15,101	15,101			
			0.				- '							
Other financing sources (uses)														
Transfers in		-		-	-	-		-	-	-	-			
Transfers out		-		-			-		-	-				
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-							-	· <del>-</del>				
Net change in fund balance		-		-	-	-		-	-	15,101	15,101			
Fund balance, beginning of year		4,741		4,741	4,741		42	5	425	425				
Fund balance, end of year	\$	4,741	\$	4,741	\$ 4,741	\$ -	\$ 42	5 \$	425	\$ 15,526	\$ 15,101			

	County Senior Center							Brown Bridge Maintenance							
	 Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	F	ariance with  Final Budget  Positive  (Negative)		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues															
Property taxes	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Licenses and permits	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Federal sources	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
State sources	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Local sources	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Charges for services	-		-		-		-		60,000		67,000		109,332		42,332
Fines and forfeits	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Contributions	122,000		128,000		128,733		733		-		-		-		-
Reimbursements	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Interest income	-		-		26		26		-		-		151		151
Other revenue	 <u>-</u>								<del></del>		<del>-</del>		<u>-</u>		
Total revenues	 122,000		128,000		128,759		759		60,000		67,000		109,483		42,483
Expenditures															
General government	_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Public safety	_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Public works	_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Recreation and culture	122,500		128,500		126,109		2,391		60,000		67,000		87,662		(20,662)
	 ,		-,		-,		,								( - / - /
Total expenditures	 122,500		128,500		126,109		2,391		60,000		67,000		87,662		(20,662)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over															
expenditures	(500)		(500)		2,650		3,150		_		_		21,821		21,821
1	 (		(/		,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						,-		,
Other financing sources (uses)															
Transfers in	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers out	 				-		-				-				
Total other financing sources (uses)			<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>										<u> </u>
Net change in fund balance	(500)		(500)		2,650		3,150		-		-		21,821		21,821
Fund balance, beginning of year	 66,800		66,800		66,800				19,543		19,543		19,543		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 66,300	\$	66,300	\$	69,450	\$	3,150	\$	19,543	\$	19,543	\$	41,364	\$	21,821

	 Opera House							Banner Program							
	 Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	F	Variance with  Final Budget  Positive  (Negative)		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fina Po	ance with I Budget ositive egative)
Revenues															
Property taxes	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Licenses and permits	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Federal sources	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
State sources	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Local sources	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Charges for services	93,500		103,500		102,486		(1,014)		-		-		-		-
Fines and forfeits	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Contributions	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Reimbursements	4,000		4,000		4,308		308		3,000		3,000		-		(3,000)
Interest income	500		500		14		(486)		-		-		-		-
Other revenue	 							_							
Total revenues	 98,000		108,000		106,808		(1,192)		3,000		3,000				(3,000)
Expenditures General government Public safety	-		- -		- -		- -		- -		-		- -		-
Public works	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Recreation and culture	 70,000		110,000		131,972		(21,972)		12,000		12,000		1,500		10,500
Total expenditures	 70,000		110,000		131,972		(21,972)	_	12,000		12,000		1,500		10,500
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over															
expenditures	 28,000		(2,000)		(25,164)		(23,164)		(9,000)		(9,000)		(1,500)		7,500
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers out	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers out	 						<u>-</u> _	_	<u>-</u> _				<u>-</u> _		
Total other financing sources (uses)	 	_										_			
Net change in fund balance	28,000		(2,000)		(25,164)		(23,164)		(9,000)		(9,000)		(1,500)		7,500
Fund balance, beginning of year	 60,970		60,970		60,970				21,140		21,140		21,140		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 88,970	\$	58,970	\$	35,806	\$	(23,164)	\$	12,140	\$	12,140	\$	19,640	\$	7,500

	Economic Development							Stormwater Fund						
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	_	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues														
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Licenses and permits		_		_		_	-		_	_	-	-		
Federal sources		-		-		_	-		-	-	-	-		
State sources		-		-		_	-		-	-	-	-		
Local sources		-		_		_	-		_	_	-	-		
Charges for services		-		_		_	-		_	_	-	-		
Fines and forfeits		-		_		_	-		_	_	-	-		
Contributions		-		_		_	-		_	_	-	-		
Reimbursements		-		-		_	-		-	-	-	-		
Interest income		15,000		15,000		587	(14,413)		-	-	-	-		
Other revenue		-		-		_	-		-	-	-	-		
Total revenues		15,000		15,000		587	(14,413)							
Expenditures														
General government		15,000		40,000		18,503	21,497		-	-	-	-		
Public safety		-		-		-	-		-	-	-	-		
Public works		-		-		-	-		-	-	-	-		
Recreation and culture														
Total expenditures		15,000		40,000		18,503	21,497		-		-			
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over														
expenditures		_		(25,000)		(17,916)	7,084		-					
Other financing sources (uses)														
Transfers in		-		-		-	-		250,000	250,000	250,000	-		
Transfers out								_			· <del>-</del>	<del>-</del>		
									250.000	250.000	250.000			
Total other financing sources (uses)									250,000	250,000	250,000	<del>-</del>		
Net change in fund balance				(25,000)		(17,916)	7,084		250,000	250,000	250,000			
Net change in fund balance		-		(23,000)		(17,916)	7,064		230,000	230,000	230,000	-		
Fund balance, beginning of year		2,039,740		2,039,740		2,039,740			250,000	250,000	250,000			
i and balance, beginning of year		2,039,140		2,039,140		2,039,740			250,000	230,000	250,000	·		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	2,039,740	\$	2,014,740	\$	2,021,824	\$ 7,084	\$	500,000	\$ 500,000	\$ 500,000	\$ -		

		Public Arts	Commission		Total General Fund							
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
Revenues												
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,463,000	\$ 8,463,000	\$ 8,559,711	\$ 96,711				
Licenses and permits	-	_	-	-	284,300	284,300	297,926	13,626				
Federal sources	-	_	-	-	10,000	10,000	13,039	3,039				
State sources	-	-	-	-	1,381,000	1,381,000	1,326,587	(54,413)				
Local sources	-	_	-	-	1,819,400	1,819,400	1,818,187	(1,213)				
Charges for services	-	_	-	-	547,100	564,100	597,268	33,168				
Fines and forfeits	-	_	-	-	14,000	14,000	8,027	(5,973)				
Contributions	-	35,000	23,700	(11,300)	183,000	224,000	167,794	(56,206)				
Reimbursements	-	· -	· -	-	707,000	755,000	669,705	(85,295)				
Interest income	-	_	_	_	47,000	47,000	32,630	(14,370)				
Other revenue	-	_	-	-	439,500	706,500	1,471,943	765,443				
Total revenues		35,000	23,700	(11,300)	13,895,300	14,268,300	14,962,817	694,517				
Expenditures												
General government	_	_	_	_	3,361,200	3,511,200	3,267,386	243,814				
Public safety	_	_	_	_	6,354,300	6,399,300	6,239,109	160,191				
Public works	_	_	_	-	1,345,000	1,353,000	1,527,271	(174,271)				
Recreation and culture	_	35,000	2,625	32,375	2,211,600	2,409,600	2,281,298	128,302				
	-											
Total expenditures		35,000	2,625	32,375	13,272,100	13,673,100	13,315,064	358,036				
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over												
expenditures			21,075	21,075	623,200	595,200	1,647,753	1,052,553				
expenditures		- <del></del>	21,073	21,073	023,200	393,200	1,047,733	1,032,333				
Other financing sources (uses)												
Transfers in	_	_	_	_	1,292,000	1,352,000	1,491,443	139,443				
Transfers out	_	_	_	_	(2,697,500)	(2,784,500)	(2,514,602)	269,898				
Transfers out		<u> </u>			(2,077,500)	(2,761,300)	(2,311,002)	200,000				
Total other financing sources (uses)					(1,405,500)	(1,432,500)	(1,023,159)	409,341				
Net change in fund balance			21,075	21,075	(782,300)	(837,300)	624,594	1,461,894				
rict change in fund balance	-	-	21,073	21,0/3	(762,300)	(037,300)	024,394	1,401,694				
Fund balance, beginning of year					6,124,045	6,124,045	6,124,045					
Fund balance, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 21,075	\$ 21,075	\$ 5,341,745	\$ 5,286,745	\$ 6,748,639	\$ 1,461,894				

### **Schedule of Revenues**

### **Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual**

### General Fund before GASB 54 Consolidation For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fina P	iance with al Budget ositive egative)
Property taxes	¢.	9.250.000	\$	9.250.000	\$	9 447 707	\$	07.707
Real estate and personal property Collection fees	\$	8,350,000 13,000	3	8,350,000 13,000	3	8,447,797 14,094	3	97,797 1,094
Penalties and interest on taxes		100,000		100,000		97,820		(2,180)
i charties and interest on taxes		100,000		100,000		97,620		(2,180)
Total property taxes		8,463,000		8,463,000		8,559,711		96,711
Licenses and permits								
Business		265,100		265,100		269,591		4,491
Nonbusiness		19,200		19,200		28,335		9,135
<b>Total licenses and permits</b>		284,300		284,300		297,926		13,626
Federal sources		10,000		10,000		13,039		3,039
State sources								
State - shared revenues								
Sales and use tax		1,335,000		1,335,000		1,278,328		(56,672)
Liquor licenses		46,000		46,000		48,259		2,259
Other state		-						
Total state sources		1,381,000		1,381,000		1,326,587		(54,413)
Local sources								
City fee - Component Units		1,799,000		1,799,000		1,798,832		(168)
Charges for services								
General fees and services		29,300		29,300		34,641		5,341
Use and admission fees		288,300		288,300		275,967		(12,333)
Fine and forfeitures - ordinance and cost		45,000		45,000		36,256		(8,744)
Total charges for services		362,600		362,600		346,864		(15,736)
Fines and forfeits								
Parking violations		14,000		14,000		8,027		(5,973)
Reimbursements		700,000		748,000		655,570		(92,430)
Interest income		20,000		20,000		10,869		(9,131)
Other revenue								
Rents and royalties		2,500		2,500		10,410		7,910
Contributions		396,000		413,000		433,256		20,256
Sale of assets		2,500		252,500		994,053		741,553
Other		38,500		38,500		30,374		(8,126)
Total other revenue		439,500		706,500		1,468,093		761,593
Total revenues	\$	13,473,400	\$	13,788,400	\$	14,485,518	\$	697,118

### Schedule of Expenditures Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual

### General Fund before GASB 54 Consolidation For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
General government				
City Commission				
Personnel	\$ 35,200	\$ 43,200	\$ 43,797	\$ (597)
Commodities	1,000	1,000	559	441
Contractual services	41,500	58,500	54,794	3,706
Other charges	6,300	6,300	5,067	1,233
Total City Commission	84,000	109,000	104,217	4,783
City Manager's Office				
Personnel	362,000	362,000	347,626	14,374
Commodities	4,500	4,500	7,100	(2,600)
Contractual services	24,000	24,000	28,134	(4,134)
Other charges	8,200	8,200	5,902	2,298
Total City Manager's Office	398,700	398,700	388,762	9,938
Human Resources				
Personnel	81,600	106,600	107,358	(758)
Commodities	1,000	1,000	2,201	(1,201)
Contractual services	22,400	27,400	28,688	(1,288)
Other charges	4,000	4,000	1,845	2,155
Total Human Resources	109,000	139,000	140,092	(1,092)
Geographic Information Systems				
Personnel	78,000	78,000	38,971	39,029
Commodities	500	500	49	451
Contractual services	21,500	21,500	25,493	(3,993)
Total Geographic Information Systems	100,000	100,000	64,513	35,487
City Attorney's Office				
Personnel	161,400	186,400	184,194	2,206
Commodities	1,700	1,700	950	750
Contractual services	12,200	42,200	47,719	(5,519)
Other charges	2,700	2,700	1,444	1,256
Total City Attorney's Office	178,000	233,000	234,307	(1,307)
City Clerk's Office				
Personnel	392,400	392,400	352,666	39,734
Commodities	21,000	26,000	32,607	(6,607)
Contractual services	32,500	45,500	40,901	4,599
Other charges	17,100	17,100	22,419	(5,319)
Total City Clerk's Office	463,000	481,000	448,593	32,407

Continued.....

# Schedule of Expenditures Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund before GASB 54 Consolidation For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Assessor's Office						
Personnel	354,800	\$ 354,800	\$ 363,165	\$ (8,365)		
Commodities	13,000	13,000	9,933	3,067		
Contractual services	47,000	47,000	26,633	20,367		
Other charges	4,200	4,200	6,319	(2,119)		
Total Assessor's Office	419,000	419,000	406,050	12,950		
Treasurer's Office						
Personnel	358,000	358,000	339,020	18,980		
Commodities	21,000	21,000	11,963	9,037		
Contractual services	38,600	38,600	37,294	1,306		
Other charges	8,400	8,400	5,361	3,039		
Total Treasurer's Office	426,000	426,000	393,638	32,362		
Building and grounds						
Other charges	120,000	120,000	95,902	24,098		
Planning/Zoning						
Personnel	404,100	419,100	415,674	3,426		
Commodities	7,500	7,500	5,030	2,470		
Contractual services	25,300	25,300	28,909	(3,609)		
Other charges	13,800	13,800	11,062	2,738		
Total Planning/Zoning	450,700	465,700	460,675	5,025		
Cemetery						
Personnel	245,300	245,300	239,421	5,879		
Commodities	12,000	12,000	12,409	(409)		
Contractual services	17,500	17,500	11,881	5,619		
Other charges	95,000	95,000	79,679	15,321		
Total Cemetery	369,800	369,800	343,390	26,410		
Appropriations	161,000	141,000	133,752	7,248		
Capital outlay	67,000	69,000	34,992	34,008		
Total general government	3,346,200	3,471,200	3,248,883	222,317		
Public Safety Police						
Personnel	2,786,000	2,786,000	2,802,387	(16,387)		
Commodities	82,200	82,200	94,101	(11,901)		
Contractual services	384,900	384,900	339,832	45,068		
Other charges	366,900	366,900	315,956	50,944		
Total Police	3,620,000	3,620,000	3,552,276	67,724		

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Continued.....

# Schedule of Expenditures Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund before GASB 54 Consolidation

### For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Fire	2.067.000	A 2002.000	0.102.565	(20.065)
Personnel	2,067,800	\$ 2,082,800	\$ 2,103,765	\$ (20,965)
Commodities	80,000	80,000	102,019	(22,019)
Contractual services	150,050	150,050	130,527	19,523
Other charges	351,150	381,150	344,669	36,481
Total Fire	2,649,000	2,694,000	2,680,980	13,020
Total public safety	6,269,000	6,314,000	6,233,256	80,744
Public Works				
Streets, alleys and sidewalks				
Personnel	443,000	443,000	457,117	(14,117)
Commodities	31,000	31,000	32,229	(1,229)
Contractual services	210,500	210,500	161,910	48,590
Other charges	(37,500)	(37,500)	178,077	(215,577)
Total Streets, Alleys and Sidewalks	647,000	647,000	829,333	(182,333)
Engineering				
Personnel	613,400	621,400	629,630	(8,230)
Commodities	18,000	18,000	14,597	3,403
Contractual services	47,300	47,300	32,217	15,083
Other charges	19,300	19,300	21,494	(2,194)
Total Engineering	698,000	706,000	697,938	8,062
Total public works	1,345,000	1,353,000	1,527,271	(174,271)
Recreation and Culture Parks				
Personnel	1,028,000	1,028,000	1,004,934	23,066
Commodities	61,800	61,800	65,434	(3,634)
Contractual services	232,000	232,000	164,446	67,554
Other charges	589,300	639,300	620,693	18,607
Total Parks	1,911,100	1,961,100	1,855,507	105,593
Total expenditures	\$ 12,871,300	\$ 13,099,300	\$ 12,864,917	\$ 234,383

Concluded

### Schedule of Transfers

### **Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual**

### General Fund before GASB 54 Consolidation For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Transfers in	 Original Budget	 Final Budget	 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Transfers in							
Brown Bridge Trust	\$ 250,000	\$ 250,000	\$ 227,606	\$	(22,394)		
Other funds	28,000	28,000	27,236		(764)		
City fee - Proprietary Funds	 759,000	 759,000	 921,601		162,601		
Total Transfers In	\$ 1,037,000	\$ 1,037,000	\$ 1,176,443	\$	139,443		
Transfers out							
Major Streets	496,000	\$ 333,000	\$ 64,943	\$	268,057		
Local Streets	605,000	\$ 605,000	\$ 603,403		1,597		
Capital Projects	1,335,000	1,585,000	1,585,000		-		
Stormwater Fund	 250,000	 250,000	 250,000				
Total Transfers Out	\$ 2,686,000	\$ 2,773,000	\$ 2,503,346	\$	269,654		

### Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

	Special Revenue Funds	S	Debt ervice Funds		Capital Projects Funds	C	ermanent Cemetery Perpetual Care		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
ASSETS									
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,696,306	\$	425	\$	1,825,869	\$	21,265	\$	4,543,865
Investments	104,868		-		4,693		682,028		791,589
Receivables									
Accounts	18,652		-		-		-		18,652
Taxes	-		-		8,720		-		8,720
Special assessments	-		-		324,397		-		324,397
Due from other governments	217,657	-							217,657
Total asssets	\$ 3,037,483	\$	425	\$	2,163,679	\$	703,293	\$	5,904,880
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOUR	KCES AND FUNI	) DAL.	ANCES						
Accounts payable	\$ 192,649	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	192,649
Accrued and other liabilities	26	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	26
Due to other funds	139,484		_		_		15,980		155,464
Unearned revenue	5,813		_		_		-		5,813
Advance from component unit					689		<u>-</u>		689
Total liabilities	337,972				689		15,980		354,641
Deferred inflows of resouces									
Unavailable revenue		-	-		323,528			_	323,528
Fund balances									
Nonspendable							(07.212		607.212
Cemetery perpetual care Restricted	-		-		-		687,313		687,313
Debt service			425						425
Joint planning	17,075		423		-		-		17,075
Capital improvements	236,908		_		847,230		-		1,084,138
Public welfare or civic improvement organizations	2,415,510		_		647,230		_		2,415,510
Act 345 retirement	30,018		_		-		_		30,018
Committed	50,010		=		=		=		50,010
Capital improvements					992,232				992,232
Total fund balances	2,699,511		425		1,839,462		687,313		5,226,711
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of									
resources, and fund balances	\$ 3,037,483	\$	425	\$	2,163,679	\$	703,293	\$	5,904,880

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Funds	Capital Projects Funds	Permanent Cemetery Perpetual Care	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues					
Property taxes and special assessments	\$ 1,768,294	\$ -	\$ 117,102	\$ -	\$ 1,885,396
Federal sources	260	-	-	-	260
State sources	886,076	-	-	-	886,076
Local sources	-	2,286,400	-	-	2,286,400
Charges for services	156,231	-	-	24,118	180,349
Contributions	949,900	-	108	-	950,008
Interest income	10,155		6,911	30,506	47,572
Total revenues	3,770,916	2,286,400	124,121	54,624	6,236,061
Expenditures					
Current expenditures					
General government	42,215	-	-	-	42,215
Public safety	1,816,425	-	-	-	1,816,425
Public works	1,756,282	-	36,219	-	1,792,501
Capital outlay	-	-	208,955	83,245	292,200
Debt service					
Principal	-	1,845,000	-	-	1,845,000
Interest and fiscal charges		441,400			441,400
Total expenditures	3,614,922	2,286,400	245,174	83,245	6,229,741
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	155,994		(121,053)	(28,621)	6,320
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers (out)	(65,000)			(15,980)	(80,980)
Total other financing sources ( uses)	(65,000)			(15,980)	(80,980)
Net change in fund balance	90,994	-	(121,053)	(44,601)	(74,660)
Fund balances, beginning of year	2,608,517	425	1,960,515	731,914	5,301,371
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 2,699,511	\$ 425	\$ 1,839,462	\$ 687,313	\$ 5,226,711

### Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2016

	Act 302 Police Training Fund		Police Equipment Training Grant		College Parking Fund		Act 345 Millage Fund		Traverse City and Garfield Township Joint Planning Fund		(	PEG Capital Fund
ASSETS												
Assets												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15,472	\$	27,152	\$	17,075	\$	21,024
Investments Receivables		-		-		-		-		-		-
Accounts		_		_		_		2,969		-		3,916
Due from other governments		-										
Total assets	\$	-	\$		\$	15,472	\$	30,121	\$	17,075	\$	24,940
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,762	\$	103	\$	-	\$	8,372
Accrued and other liabilities		-		-		26		-		-		-
Unearned revenue  Due to other funds		-		-		7,684		-		-		-
Due to other runds				<u> </u>		7,004				<u>-</u>		
Total liabilities		-				15,472		103		-		8,372
Fund balances												
Restricted												
Joint planning		-		-		-		-		17,075		16.500
Capital improvements  Public welfare or civic improvement		-		-		-		-		-		16,568
organizations		-		-		-		-		-		-
Act 345 retirement		-						30,018				-
Total fund balances		-						30,018		17,075		16,568
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$		\$		\$	15,472	\$	30,121	\$	17,075	\$	24,940

Continued...

### Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2016

	Senior Center Building Fund	Homeland Security Training Grant Fund	McCauley Estate Trust Fund	County Road Commission Projects Fund	Brown Bridge Trust Park Improvement Fund	Stormwater Asset Management Grant Fund	Total
ASSETS							
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables	\$ 226,153	\$ -	\$ 15,756 104,868	\$ 936,741 -	\$ 1,436,933 -	\$ - -	\$ 2,696,306 104,868
Accounts Due from other governments		- -	- -	<u> </u>	11,767	217,657	18,652 217,657
Total assets	\$ 226,153	\$ -	\$ 120,624	\$ 936,741	\$ 1,448,700	\$ 217,657	\$ 3,037,483
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALAN	NCES						
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 87,791	\$ -	\$ 88,621	\$ 192,649
Accrued and other liabilities Unearned revenue	5,813	-	-	-	-	-	26 5,813
Due to other funds			2,764	<u> </u>		129,036	139,484
Total liabilities	5,813		2,764	87,791		217,657	337,972
Fund balances							
Restricted Joint planning							17.075
Capital improvements Public welfare or civic	220,340	-	-	- -	-	-	236,908
improvement organizations Act 345 retirement	<u> </u>	- -	117,860	848,950	1,448,700	<u> </u>	2,415,510 30,018
<b>Total fund balances</b>	220,340		117,860	848,950	1,448,700		2,699,511

Concluded

### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Act 302 Police Training Fund	Police Equipment Fraining Grant		Act 345 Millage Fund	Traverse City and Garfield Township Joint Planning Fund	PEG Capital Fund
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,768,294	\$ -	\$ -
Federal sources	-	-	-	-	-	-
State sources	5,600	-	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	19,760	-	-	-
Contributions	-	-	-	_	6,000	15,770
Interest income				549		
Total revenues	5,600		19,760	1,768,843	6,000	15,770
Expenditures Current expenditures						
General government	-	-	19,873	_	9,190	13,152
Public safety	5,600	_	· -	1,810,565	-	
Public works						
Total expenditures	5,600		19,873	1,810,565	9,190	13,152
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures			(113)	(41,722)	(3,190)	2,618
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers (out)						
Total other financing sources (uses)						
Net change in fund balance	-	-	(113)	(41,722)	(3,190)	2,618
Fund balances, beginning of year		<del>-</del> _	113	71,740	20,265	13,950
Fund balances, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30,018	\$ 17,075	\$ 16,568

Continued....

### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Senior Center Building Fund	Homeland Security Training Grant Fund	McCauley Estate Trust Fund	County Road Commission Projects Fund	Brown Bridge Trust Park Improvement Fund	Stormwater Asset Management Grant Fund	Total
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,768,294
Federal sources	-	260	-	-	-	-	260
State sources	-	-	-	-	-	880,476	886,076
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	136,471	-	156,231
Contributions	13,138	-	-	776,916	-	138,076	949,900
Interest income	85		9,002		519		10,155
Total revenues	13,223	260	9,002	776,916	136,990	1,018,552	3,770,916
Expenditures							
Current expenditures							
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-	42,215
Public safety	-	260	-	-	-	-	1,816,425
Public works				737,730		1,018,552	1,756,282
Total expenditures		260		737,730		1,018,552	3,614,922
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	13,223		9,002	39,186	136,990		155,994
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Transfers (out)			(65,000)				(65,000)
Total other financing sources (use	s)		(65,000)				(65,000)
Net change in fund balance	13,223	-	(55,998)	39,186	136,990	-	90,994
Fund balances, beginning of year	207,117		173,858	809,764	1,311,710		2,608,517
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 220,340	\$ -	\$ 117,860	\$ 848,950	\$ 1,448,700	\$ -	\$ 2,699,511

Concluded

### Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Debt Service Funds June 30, 2016

	Parking Deck Bond Redemption Taxable	]	Parking Deck Bond Redemption Non-Taxable		Old Town Parking Deck Bond Redemption		otal
ASSETS							
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	- \$	325	\$	100	\$	425
Total assets	\$	- \$	325	\$	100	\$	425
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities							
Due to other funds	\$	- \$		\$	-	\$	
Fund balances							
Restricted for debt service			325		100		425
Total liabilities and fund balancess	\$	- \$	325	\$	100	\$	425

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Debt Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Parking Deck Bond Redemption Taxable		Parking Deck Bond Redemption Non-Taxable		D	old Town Parking eck Bond edemption	 Total
Revenues							
Local sources	\$	153,625	\$	666,481	\$	1,466,294	\$ 2,286,400
Expenditures							
Debt service Principal		135,000		295,000		1,415,000	1,845,000
Interest and fiscal charges		18,625		371,481		51,294	441,400
5							, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Total expenditures		153,625		666,481		1,466,294	 2,286,400
Net change in fund balances		-		-		-	-
Fund balances, beginning of year				325		100	 425
Fund balances, end of year	\$	_	\$	325	\$	100	\$ 425

# CITY OF TRAVERSE CITY, MICHIGA Combining Balance Shee Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund June 30, 2016

	Parking Deck Bond Construction Taxable	Parking Bond Construction Non-taxable	Special Assessments	Total
ASSETS				
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables	\$ 107,459 -	\$ 739,771 -	\$ 978,639 4,693	\$ 1,825,869 4,693
Taxes Special assessments		- -	8,720 324,397	8,720 324,397
Total assets	\$ 107,459	\$ 739,771	\$ 1,316,449	\$ 2,163,679
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND	D FUND BALANC	ES		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable Advance from component unit	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - 689	\$ - 689
Total liabilities		<u> </u>	689	689
Deferred inflows of resources Unavailable revenue		. <u>-</u>	323,528	323,528
Fund balances Restricted				
Capital improvements Committed	107,459	739,771	-	847,230
Capital improvements	-		992,232	992,232
Total fund balances	107,459	739,771	992,232	1,839,462
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 107,459	\$ 739,771	\$ 1,316,449	\$ 2,163,679

### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balanc Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Cons	cing Deck Bond struction axable	Con	king Deck Bond struction 1-Taxable		Special sessments		Total
Revenues								
Special assessments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	117,102	\$	117,102
Contributions		-		-		108		108
Interest income		84		592		6,235		6,911
Total revenues		84		592	-	123,445	-	124,121
Expenditures								
Public works		_		-		36,219		36,219
Capital outlay						208,955		208,955
Total expenditures				<u>-</u>		245,174		245,174
Net change in fund balances		84		592		(121,729)		(121,053)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfer out		<del>_</del> _		<del>-</del>		<del>-</del> _		<del>-</del> _
Net change in fund balances		84		592		(121,729)		(121,053)
Fund balances, beginning of year		107,375		739,179		1,113,961		1,960,515
Fund balances, end of year	\$	107,459	\$	739,771	\$	992,232	\$	1,839,462

# Combining Statement of Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds June 30, 2016

	Tax Collection		Imprest Payroll		Retiree Health Insurance			Total
Assets  Cook and each againstants	\$	75,209	\$	17,909	\$	186,210	\$	279,328
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables	Þ	73,209	Φ	17,909	Ф	100,210	Ф	219,326
Accounts		-		16,543		-		16,543
Taxes		215,111						215,111
Total assets	\$	290,320	\$	34,452	\$	186,210	\$	510,982
Liabilities								
Accrued and other liabilities	\$	-	\$	34,452	\$	186,210	\$	220,662
Due to other governmental units		290,320						290,320
Total liabilities	\$	290,320	\$	34,452	\$	186,210	\$	510,982

# Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

### For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Balance July 1, 2015		Additions	Deletions	 Balance June 30, 2016		
TAX COLLECTION							
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable	\$	163,095	\$ 39,308,769 40,324,782	\$ 39,233,560 40,272,766	\$ 75,209 215,111		
Total assets	\$	186,072	\$ 79,633,551	\$ 79,506,326	\$ 290,320		
<b>Liabilities</b> Due to other governmental units	\$	163,095	\$ 79,633,550	\$ 79,506,325	\$ 290,320		
IMPREST PAYROLL							
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	243,471	\$ 14,058,348 104,296	\$ 14,040,439 331,224	\$ 17,909 16,543		
<b>Total assets</b>	\$	19,356	\$ 14,162,644	\$ 14,371,663	\$ 34,452		
Liabilities Accrued and other liabilities	\$	243,471	\$ 14,501,147	\$ 14,710,166	\$ 34,452		
RETIREE HEALTH INSURANCE							
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	228,405	\$ 274,185	\$ 87,975 228,405	\$ 186,210		
Total assets	\$	142,535	\$ 274,185	\$ 316,380	\$ 186,210		
Liabilities Accrued and other liabilities	\$	228,405	\$ 45,780	\$ 87,975	\$ 186,210		

Continued....

# Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

### For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	 Balance July 1, 2015	 Additions	 Deletions	Balance June 30, 2016		
TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS						
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 53,641,302	\$ 53,361,974	\$	279,328	
Receivables Accounts	471,876	104,296	559,629		16,543	
Taxes	 163,095	 40,324,782	 40,272,766		215,111	
Total assets	\$ 347,963	\$ 94,070,380	\$ 94,194,369	\$	510,982	
Liabilities						
Accrued and other liabilities	\$ 471,876	\$ 14,546,927	\$ 14,798,141	\$	220,662	
Due to other governmental units	 163,095	 79,633,550	 79,506,325		290,320	
<b>Total liabilities</b>	\$ 347,963	\$ 94,180,477	\$ 94,304,466	\$	510,982	

Concluded

### Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Funds June 30, 2016

		Other Postemployment Benefit Funds		
	Act 345 Pension Trust Fund	Act 345 Retiree Health Insurance Trust	Retiree Health Insurance Trust	Total
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,750,858	\$ 3,280,535	\$ -	\$ 6,031,393
Investments, at fair value				
Fixed income mutual funds	4,839,726	-	-	4,839,726
Domestic equities	6,117,090	-	-	6,117,090
International equities	3,486,136	-	-	3,486,136
Real estate	1,532,228	-	-	1,532,228
Other	7,626,872	-	-	7,626,872
MERS total market fund	-	-	3,815,706	3,815,706
Receivables				
Accounts receivable	8,800	72,389	-	81,189
Accrued interest	11,821			11,821
Total assets	26,373,531	3,352,924	3,815,706	33,542,161
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	90,094			90,094
Total liabilities	90,094			90,094
Net Position				
Held in trust for pension benefits and other postemployment benefits	\$ 26,283,437	\$ 3,352,924	\$ 3,815,706	\$ 33,452,067

### Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

			Other Postemployment Benefit Funds	
	Act 345 Pension Trust Fund	Act 345 Retiree Health Insurance Trust	Retiree Health Insurance Trust	Total
Additions				
Contributions				
City contributions	\$ 1,810,565	\$ 384,646	\$ -	\$ 2,195,211
Employee contributions	58,510	-	=	58,510
Other	159	<del></del>	<del>-</del>	159
Total contributions	1,869,234	384,646		2,253,880
Investment earnings				
Interest and dividends	314,474	5,985	-	320,459
Net increase in fair value of investments	280,575	-	25,543	306,118
Investment advisor fees	(96,131)		-	(96,131)
Net investment earnings	498,918	5,985	25,543	530,446
Total additions	2,368,152	390,631	25,543	2,784,326
Deductions				
Pension benefits paid	2,312,077	-	-	2,312,077
Health insurance premiums paid	-	402,688	500,000	902,688
Administrative expense	15,450	<del>-</del>		15,450
Total deductions	2,327,527	402,688	500,000	3,230,215
Net increase (decrease) in plan net position	40,625	(12,057)	(474,457)	(445,889)
Net position held in trust, beginning of year	26,242,812	3,364,981	4,290,163	33,897,956
Net position held in trust, end of year	\$ 26,283,437	\$ 3,352,924	\$ 3,815,706	\$ 33,452,067

# INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE



# Vredeveld Haefner LLC CPA's and Consultants

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

December 19, 2016

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Traverse City, Michigan

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Traverse City, Michigan, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Traverse City, Michigan's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 19, 2016.

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Traverse City, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Traverse City, Michigan's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Traverse City, Michigan's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that were not identified.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Traverse City, Michigan's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Urodovold Haofner LLC